UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENTS

ANNA UNIVERSITY::CHENNAI 600 025

REGULATIONS – 2013 (FULL TIME)

CURRICULUM FROM I TO IV SEMESTERS FOR

M.E POWER ELECTRONICS AND DRIVES

I SEMESTER

SL.NO.	CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	Т	Ρ	С				
THEOF	THEORY									
1	HV8152	Electromagnetic Field Computation and Modelling	3	1	0	4				
2	MA8156	Applied Mathematics for Electrical Engineers	3	1	0	4				
3	PE8151	Analysis and Design of Inverters	3	0	0	3				
4	PE8152	Analysis of Electrical Machines	3	0	0	3				
5	PE8153	Analysis of Power Converters	3	0	0	3				
6		Elective I	3	0	0	3				
		TOTAL	18	2	0	20				

II SEMESTER

SL.NO.	CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	Т	Ρ	С			
THEOR	THEORY								
1	PE8201	Microcontroller and DSP Based System Design	3	1	0	4			
2	PE8202	Solid State AC Drives	3	0	0	3			
3	PE8251	Solid State DC Drives	3	0	0	3			
4	PE8252	Special Electrical Machines	3	0	0	3			
5		Elective II	3	0	0	3			
6		Elective III	3	0	0	3			
PRACT	ICAL								
7	PE8211	Power Electronics and Drives Lab	0	0	3	2			
		TOTAL	18	1	3	21			

SL.NO.	CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	Т	Ρ	С			
THEOR	THEORY								
1	PE8351	Power Electronics for Renewable Energy Systems	3	0	0	3			
2		Elective IV	3	0	0	3			
3		Elective V	3	0	0	3			
PRACT	ICAL								
4	PE8311	Project Work Phase I	0	0	12	6			
		TOTAL	9	0	12	15			

IV SEMESTER

SL.NO.	CODE	COURSE TITLE		L	Т	Ρ	С	
PRAC	RACTICAL							
1	PE8411	Project Work Phase II		0	0	24	12	
			TOTAL	0	0	24	12	
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TOTAL NUMBER OF CREDITS = 68

Attested



ELECTIVES FOR FULL TIME M.E PED

ELECTIVES OF POWER ELECTRONICS AND DRIVES.

SL.NO.	CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	Т	Ρ	С
1.	PW8001	Electric Vehicles and Power Management	3	0	0	3
2.	PE8001	Advanced Power Semiconductor Devices	3	0	0	3
3.	PE8002	Modern Rectifiers and Resonant Converters	3	0	0	3
4.	PE8003	SMPS and UPS	3	0	0	3
5.	CO8072	Robust Control	3	0	0	3
6.	CO8073	System Identification and Adaptive Control	3	0	0	3
7.	CO8074	System Theory	3	0	0	3
8.	CO8151	Soft Computing Techniques	3	0	2	4
9.	CO8251	Non Linear Control	3	0	2	4
10.	ET8071	Advanced Digital Signal Processing	3	0	0	3
11.	ET8072	MEMS Technology	3	0	0	3
12.	ET8253	VLSI Based Design Methodologies	3	1	0	4
13.	HV8072	Electromagnetic Interference and Compatibility	3	0	0	3
14.	HV8151	Electrical Transients in Power System	3	0	0	3
15.	PE8072	Non Linear Dynamics for Power Electronic Circuits	3	0	0	3
16.	PE8073	Power Quality	3	0	0	3
17.	PS8072	Distributed Generation and Micro Grid	3	0	0	3
18.	PS8073	Energy Management and Auditing	3	0	0	3
19.	PS8074	High Voltage Direct Current Transmission	3	0	0	3
20.	PS8075	Optimisation Techniques	3	0	0	3
21.	PS8076	Solar and Energy Storage System	3	0	0	3
22.	PS8077	Wind Energy Conversion System	3	0	0	3
23.	PS8253	Flexible AC Transmission Systems	3	0	0	3
24.	PS8255	Smart Grids	3	0	0	3

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

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UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENTS ANNA UNIVERSITY::CHENNAI 600 025 REGULATIONS – 2013 (PART TIME) CURRICULUM FROM I TO VI SEMESTERS FOR M.E POWER ELECTRONICS AND DRIVES

I SEMESTER

SL.NO	. CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	Т	Ρ	С		
THEORY								
1	MA8156	Applied Mathematics for Electrical Engineers	3	1	0	4		
2	PE8152	Analysis of Electrical Machines	3	0	0	3		
3	PE8153	Analysis of Power Converters	3	0	0	3		
		TOTAL	9	1	0	10		

II SEMESTER

SL.NO.	CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	Τ	Ρ	С				
THEOF	THEORY									
1	PE8201	Microcontroller and DSP Based System Design	3	1	0	4				
2	PE8251	Solid State DC Drives	3	0	0	3				
3	PE8252	Special Electrical Machines	3	0	0	3				
		ΤΟΤΑΙ	- 9	1	0	10				

III SEMESTER

SL.NO.	CODE	COURSE TITLE		т	P	C
THEO			-			
1	PE8151	Analysis and Design of Inverters	3	0	0	3
2	HV8152	Electromagnetic Field Computation and Modelling	3	1	0	4
3		Elective I	3	0	0	3
		TOTAL	9	1	0	10

		IV SEMESTER								
SL.NO.	CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	Т	Ρ	С				
THEOF	THEORY									
1	PE8202	Solid State AC Drives	3	0	0	3				
2		Elective II	3	0	0	3				
3		Elective III	3	0	0	3				
PRAC	ΓICAL									
4	PE8211	Power Electronics and Drives Lab	0	0	3	2				
		TOTAL	9	0	3	11				

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V SEMESTER

SL.NO	CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	Т	Ρ	С				
THEOF	THEORY									
1	PE8351	Power Electronics for Renewable Energy Systems	3	0	0	3				
2		Elective IV	3	0	0	3				
3		Elective V	3	0	0	3				
PRAC	ΓICAL									
1	PE8311	Project Work Phase I	0	0	12	6				
		TOTAL	9	0	12	15				

VI SEMESTER

SL.NO.	CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	Т	Ρ	С			
PRAC	PRACTICAL								
1	PE8411	Project Work Phase II	0	0	24	12			
		TOTAL	0	0	24	12			

TOTAL NUMBER OF CREDITS = 68

ELECTIVES FOR PART TIME M.E. PED

SL.NO.	CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	Т	Ρ	С
1.	PW8001	Electric Vehicles and Power Management	3	0	0	3
2.	PE8001	Advanced Power Semiconductor Devices	3	0	0	3
3.	PE8002	Modern Rectifiers and Resonant Converters	3	0	0	3
4.	PE8003	SMPS and UPS	3	0	0	3
5.	CO8072	Robust Control	3	0	0	3
6.	CO8073	System Identification and Adaptive Control	3	0	0	3
7.	CO8074	System Theory	3	0	0	3
8.	CO8151	Soft Computing Techniques	3	0	2	4
9.	CO8251	Non Linear Control	3	0	2	4
10.	ET8071	Advanced Digital Signal Processing	3	0	0	3
11.	ET8072	MEMS Technology	3	0	0	3
12.	ET8253	VLSI Based Design Methodologies	3	1	0	4
13.	HV8072	Electromagnetic Interference and Compatibility	3	0	0	3
14.	HV8151	Electrical Transients in Power System	3	0	0	3
15.	PE8072	Non Linear Dynamics for Power Electronic Circuits	3	0	0	3
16.	PE8073	Power Quality	3	0	0	3
17.	PS8072	Distributed Generation and Micro Grid	3	0	0	3
18.	PS8073	Energy Management and Auditing	3	0	0	3
19.	PS8074	High Voltage Direct Current Transmission	3	0	0	3
20.	PS8075	Optimisation Techniques	3	0	0	3
21.	PS8076	Solar and Energy Storage System	3	0	0	3
22.	PS8077	Wind Energy Conversion System	3	0	0	3
23.	PS8253	Flexible AC Transmission Systems	3	0	0	3
24.	PS8255	Smart Grids	3	0	0	3

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HV8152 ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELD COMPUTATION AND MODELLING LTPC

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OBJECTIVES:

- To refresh the fundamentals of Electromagnetic Field Theory.
- To provide foundation in formulation and computation of Electromagnetic Fields using analytical and numerical methods.
- To impart in-depth knowledge on Finite Element Method in solving Electromagnetic field problems.
- To introduce the concept of mathematical modeling and design of electrical apparatus.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Review of basic field theory – Maxwell's equations – Constitutive relationships and Continuity equations – Laplace, Poisson and Helmholtz equation – principle of energy conversion – force/torque calculation.

UNIT II BASIC SOLUTION METHODS FOR FIELD EQUATIONS

Limitations of the conventional design procedure, need for the field analysis based design, problem definition, boundary conditions, solution by analytical methods-direct integration method – variable separable method – method of images, solution by numerical methods- Finite Difference Method.

UNIT III FORMULATION OF FINITE ELEMENT METHOD (FEM)

Variational Formulation – Energy minimization – Discretisation – Shape functions –Stiffness matrix –1D and 2D planar and axial symmetry problems.

UNIT IV COMPUTATION OF BASIC QUANTITIES USING FEM PACKAGES

Basic quantities – Energy stored in Electric Field – Capacitance – Magnetic Field – Linked Flux – Inductance – Force – Torque – Skin effect – Resistance.

UNIT V DESIGN APPLICATIONS

Design of Insulators – Cylindrical magnetic actuators – Transformers – Rotating machines.

L=45: T=15, TOTAL = 60 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. Matthew. N.O. Sadiku, "Elements of Electromagnetics", Fourth Edition, Oxford University Press, First Indian Edition 2007.
- 2. K.J.Binns, P.J.Lawrenson, C.W Trowbridge, "The analytical and numerical solution of Electric and magnetic fields", John Wiley & Sons, 1993.
- 3. Nicola Biyanchi, "Electrical Machine analysis using Finite Elements", Taylor and Francis Group, CRC Publishers, 2005.
- 4. Nathan Ida, Joao P.A.Bastos, "Electromagnetics and calculation of fields", Springer-Verlage, 1992.
- 5. S.J Salon, "Finite Element Analysis of Electrical Machines" Kluwer Academic Publishers, London, 1995, distributed by TBH Publishers & Distributors, Chennai, India.
- 6. Silvester and Ferrari, "Finite Elements for Electrical Engineers" Cambridge University press, 1983.

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APPLIED MATHEMATICS FOR ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS MA8156

LTPC 3104

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the ability to apply the concepts of Matrix theory and Linear programming in Electrical Engineering problems.
- To achieve an understanding of the basic concepts of one dimensional random variables and apply in electrical engineering problems.
- To familiarize the students in calculus of variations and solve problems using Fourier transforms associated with engineering applications.

UNIT I MATRIX THEORY

The Cholesky decomposition - Generalized Eigen vectors, Canonical basis - QR factorization -Least squares method - Singular value decomposition.

UNIT II CALCULUS OF VARIATIONS

Concept of variation and its properties - Euler's equation - Functional dependant on first and higher order derivatives - Functionals dependant on functions of several independent variables - Variational problems with moving boundaries - problems with constraints - Direct methods: Ritz and Kantorovich methods.

UNIT III ONE DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLES

Random variables - Probability function - moments - moment generating functions and their properties - Binomial, Poisson, Geometric, Uniform, Exponential, Gamma and Normal distributions - Function of a Random Variable.

UNIT IV LINEAR PROGRAMMING

Formulation - Graphical solution - Simplex method - Two phase method - Transportation and Assignment Models

UNIT V FOURIER SERIES

Fourier Trigonometric series: Periodic function as power signals - Convergence of series -Even and odd function: cosine and sine series - Non-periodic function: Extension to other intervals - Power signals: Exponential Fourier series - Parseval's theorem and power spectrum Eigen value problems and orthogonal functions – Regular Sturm-Liouville systems – Generalized Fourier series.

BOOKS FOR STUDY:

- 1. Richard Bronson, "Matrix Operation", Schaum's outline series, 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2011.
- 2. Gupta, A.S., Calculus of Variations with Applications, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1997.
- 3. Oliver C. Ibe, "Fundamentals of Applied Probability and Random Processes, Academic Press, (An imprint of Elsevier), 2010.
- 4. Taha, H.A., "Operations Research, An introduction", 10th edition, Pearson education. New Delhi, 2010.

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5. Andrews L.C. and Phillips R.L., Mathematical Techniques for Engineers and Scientists, Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd., New Delhi, 2005.

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L:45 +T: 15 TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

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REFERENCES:

- 1. Elsgolts, L., Differential Equations and the Calculus of Variations, MIR Publishers, Moscow, 973.
- 2. Grewal, B.S., Higher Engineering Mathematics, 42nd edition, Khanna Publishers, 2012.
- 3. O'Neil, P.V., Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Thomson Asia Pvt. Ltd., Singapore, 2003.
- 4. Johnson R. A. and Gupta C. B., "Miller & Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 7th Edition, 2007.

PE8151

ANALYSIS AND DESIGN OF INVERTERS

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OBJECTIVES :

- To Provide the electrical circuit concepts behind the different working modes of inverters so as to enable deep understanding of their operation.
- To equip with required skills to derive the criteria for the design of power converters for UPS,Drives etc.,
- Ability to analyse and comprehend the various operating modes of different configurations of power converters.
- Ability to design different single phase and three phase inverters.

UNIT I SINGLE PHASE INVERTERS

Introduction to self commutated switches : MOSFET and IGBT - Principle of operation of half and full bridge inverters – Performance parameters – Voltage control of single phase inverters using various PWM techniques – various harmonic elimination techniques – forced commutated Thyristor inverters – Design of UPS

UNIT II THREE PHASE VOLTAGE SOURCE INVERTERS

180 degree and 120 degree conduction mode inverters with star and delta connected loads – voltage control of three phase inverters: single, multi pulse, sinusoidal, space vector modulation techniques – Application to drive system

UNIT III CURRENT SOURCE INVERTERS

Operation of six-step thyristor inverter – inverter operation modes – load – commutated inverters – Auto sequential current source inverter (ASCI) – current pulsations – comparison of current source inverter and voltage source inverters – PWM techniques for current source inverters.

UNIT IV MULTILEVEL & BOOST INVERTERS

Multilevel concept – diode clamped – flying capacitor – cascade type multilevel inverters - Comparison of multilevel inverters - application of multilevel inverters – PWM techniques for MLI – Single phase & Three phase Impedance source inverters .

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UNIT V RESONANT INVERTERS

Series and parallel resonant inverters - voltage control of resonant inverters – Class E resonant inverter – resonant DC – link inverters.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

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TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Rashid M.H., "Power Electronics Circuits, Devices and Applications ", Prentice Hall India, Third Edition, New Delhi, 2004.
- 2. Jai P.Agrawal, "Power Electronics Systems", Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2002.
- 3. Bimal K.Bose "Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives", Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2003.
- 4. Ned Mohan, T.M Undeland and W.P Robbin, "Power Electronics: converters, Application and design" John Wiley and sons. Wiley India edition, 2006.
- 5. Philip T. krein, "Elements of Power Electronics" Oxford University Press -1998.

REFERENCES

- 1. P.C. Sen, "Modern Power Electronics", Wheeler Publishing Co, First Edition, New Delhi, 1998.
- 2. P.S.Bimbra, "Power Electronics", Khanna Publishers, Eleventh Edition, 2003.

PE8152

ANALYSIS OF ELECTRICAL MACHINES

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OBJECTIVES:

- To provide knowledge about the fundamentals of magnetic circuits, energy, force and torque of multi-excited systems.
- To analyze the steady state and dynamic state operation of DC machine through mathematical modeling and simulation in digital computer.
- To provide the knowledge of theory of transformation of three phase variables to two phase variables.
- To analyze the steady state and dynamic state operation of three-phase induction machines using transformation theory based mathematical modeling and digital computer simulation.
- To analyze the steady state and dynamic state operation of three-phase synchronous machines using transformation theory based mathematical modeling and digital computer simulation.

UNITI PRINCIPLES OF ELECTROMAGNETIC ENERGY CONVERSION

Magnetic circuits, permanent magnet, stored magnetic energy, co-energy - force and torque in singly and doubly excited systems – machine windings and air gap mmf - winding inductances and voltage equations.

UNIT II DC MACHINES

Elementary DC machine and analysis of steady state operation - Voltage and torque equations – dynamic characteristics of permanent magnet and shunt d.c. motors – Time domain block diagrams - solution of dynamic characteristic by Laplace transformation – digital computer simulation of permanent magnet and shunt d.c. machines.

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UNIT III **REFERENCE FRAME THEORY**

Historical background – phase transformation and commutator transformation – transformation of variables from stationary to arbitrary reference frame - variables observed from several frames of reference.

UNIT IV **INDUCTION MACHINES**

Three phase induction machine, equivalent circuit and analysis of steady state operation - free acceleration characteristics - voltage and torgue equations in machine variables and arbitrary reference frame variables – analysis of dynamic performance for load torque variations – digital computer simulation.

UNIT V SYNCHRONOUS MACHINES

Three phase synchronous machine and analysis of steady state operation - voltage and torque equations in machine variables and rotor reference frame variables (Park's equations) analysis of dynamic performance for load torque variations - digital computer simulation.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Paul C.Krause, Oleg Wasyzczuk, Scott S, Sudhoff, "Analysis of Electric Machinery and Drive Systems", John Wiley, Second Edition, 2010.

REFERENCES

- 1. P S Bimbhra, "Generalized Theory of Electrical Machines", Khanna Publishers, 2008.
- 2. A.E, Fitzgerald, Charles Kingsley, Jr, and Stephan D, Umanx, "Electric Machinery", Tata McGraw Hill, 5th Edition, 1992.

PE8153

ANALYSIS OF POWER CONVERTERS

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide the electrical circuit concepts behind the different working modes of power converters so as to enable deep understanding of their operation.
- To equip with required skills to derive the criteria for the design of power converters starting from basic fundamentals.
- To analyze and comprehend the various operating modes of different configurations of power converters.
- To design different power converters namely AC to DC, DC to DC and AC to AC converters. •

UNIT I SINGLE PHASE AC-DC CONVERTER

Static Characteristics of power diode, SCR and GTO, half controlled and fully controlled converters with R-L, R-L-E loads and free wheeling diodes - continuous and discontinuous modes of operation - inverter operation -Sequence control of converters - performance parameters: harmonics, ripple, distortion, power factor - effect of source impedance and overlap-reactive power and power balance in converter circuits

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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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UNIT II THREE PHASE AC-DC CONVERTER

Semi and fully controlled converter with R, R-L, R-L-E - loads and free wheeling diodes – inverter operation and its limit – performance parameters – effect of source impedance and over lap – 12 pulse converter.

UNIT III DC-DC CONVERTERS

Principles of step-down and step-up converters – Analysis of buck, boost, buck-boost and Cuk converters – time ratio and current limit control – Full bridge converter – Resonant and quasi – resonant converters.

UNIT IV AC VOLTAGE CONTROLLERS

Static Characteristics of TRIAC- Principle of phase control: single phase and three phase controllers – various configurations – analysis with R and R-L loads.

UNIT V CYCLOCONVERTERS

Principle of operation – Single phase and Three-phase Dual converters - Single phase and three phase cyclo-converters – power factor Control – Introduction to matrix converters.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

- **TEXT BOOKS** 1.Ned Mohan, T.M Undeland and W.P Robbin, "Power Electronics: converters, Application and design" John Wiley and sons. Wiley India edition, 2006.
- 2. Rashid M.H., "Power Electronics Circuits, Devices and Applications ", Pierson Prentice Hall India, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3.Cyril W.Lander, "power electronics", Third Edition McGraw hill-1993

REFERENCES

- 1.P.C Sen.," Modern Power Electronics ", Wheeler publishing Co, First Edition, New Delhi-1998.
- 2.P.S.Bimbra, "Power Electronics", Khanna Publishers, Eleventh Edition, 2003.
- 3.Power Electronics by Vedam Subramanyam, New Age International publishers, New Delhi Second Edition, 2006



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PE8201 MICROCONTROLLER AND DSP BASED SYSTEM DESIGN

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide the requisite knowledge for the designing of control/triggering/closed loop circuitry employing embedded controller readily available.
- To provide with the requisite knowledge for the interfacing of the digital controllers with power electronics system for better control.
- To understand the architecture, programming methods and their special features as relevant to PE Drives
- To understand design of microcontrollers / DSP controlled systems especially for the PE interface.
- To provide knowledge about the digital implementation of conventional controllers.

UNIT I PIC 16C7X MICROCONTROLLER

Architecture memory organization - Addressing modes - Instruction set - Programming techniques – simple programs

UNIT II PERIPHERALS OF PIC 16C7X

Timers – interrupts – I/O ports – I²C bus for peripheral chip access – A/D converter – UART.

UNIT III MOTOR CONTROL SIGNAL PROCESSORS

Introduction- System configuration registers - Memory Addressing modes - Instruction set -Programming techniques – simple programs.

UNIT IV PERIPHERALS OF SIGNAL PROCESSORS

General purpose Input/Output (GPIO) Functionality- Interrupts - A/D converter-Event Managers (EVA, EVB)- PWM signal generation.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF PIC AND SIGNAL PROCESSORS

Voltage regulation of DC-DC converters- Stepper motor and DC motor control- Clarke's and parks transformation-Space vector PWM-Implementation of digital P,PI and PID controllers.

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TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. John B.Peatman, 'Design with PIC Microcontrollers,' Pearson Education, Asia 2004

2. Hamid A.Toliyat, Steven Campbell, 'DSP based electromechanical motion control', CRC Press



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PE8202

SOLID STATE AC DRIVES

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand various operating regions of the induction motor drives.
- To study and analyze the operation of VSI & CSI fed induction motor control.
- To understand the speed control of induction motor drive from the rotor side.
- To understand the field oriented control of induction machine.
- To understand the control of synchronous motor drives.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO INDUCTION MOTORS

Steady state performance equations – Rotating magnetic field – torque production, Equivalent circuit– Variable voltage, constant frequency operation – Variable frequency operation, constant Volt/Hz operation. Drive operating regions, variable stator current operation, different braking methods.

UNIT II VSI AND CSI FED INDUCTION MOTOR CONTROL

AC voltage controller circuit – six step inverter voltage control-closed loop variable frequency PWM inverter with dynamic braking-CSI fed IM variable frequency drives comparison

UNIT III ROTOR CONTROLLED INDUCTION MOTOR DRIVES

Static rotor resistance control - injection of voltage in the rotor circuit – static scherbius drives - power factor considerations – modified Kramer drives

UNIT IV FIELD ORIENTED CONTROL

Field oriented control of induction machines – Theory – DC drive analogy – Direct and Indirect methods – Flux vector estimation - Direct torque control of Induction Machines – Torque expression with stator and rotor fluxes, DTC control strategy.

UNIT V SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR DRIVES

Wound field cylindrical rotor motor – Equivalent circuits – performance equations of operation from a voltage source – Power factor control and V curves – starting and braking, self control – Load commutated Synchronous motor drives - Brush and Brushless excitation.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Bimal K Bose, "Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives", Pearson Education Asia 2002.
- Vedam Subramanyam, "Electric Drives Concepts and Applications", Tata McGraw Hill, 1994.
- 3. Gopal K Dubey, "Power Semiconductor controlled Drives", Prentice Hall Inc., New Yersy, 1989.
- 4. R.Krishnan, "Electric Motor Drives Modeling, Analysis and Control", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2003.

REFERENCES

- 1. W.Leonhard, "Control of Electrical Drives", Narosa Publishing House, 1992.
- 2. Murphy J.M.D and Turnbull, "Thyristor Control of AC Motors", Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1988.

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PE8251

SOLID STATE DC DRIVES

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OBJECTIVES:

- To understand steady state operation and transient dynamics of a motor load system
- To study and analyze the operation of the converter / chopper fed DC drive, both • qualitatively and quantitatively.
- To analyze and design the current and speed controllers for a closed loop solid state DC motor drive.
- To understand the implementation of control algorithms using microcontrollers and phase locked loop.

UNIT I DC MOTORS FUNDAMENTALS AND MECHANICAL SYSTEMS

DC motor- Types, induced emf, speed-torque relations; Speed control - Armature and field speed control; Ward Leonard control - Constant torque and constant horse power operation -Introduction to high speed drives and modern drives.

Characteristics of mechanical system - dynamic equations, components of torque, types of load; Requirements of drives characteristics - stability of drives - multi-guadrant operation; Drive elements, types of motor duty and selection of motor rating.

UNIT II **CONVERTER CONTROL**

Principle of phase control - Fundamental relations; Analysis of series and separately excited DC motor with single-phase and three-phase converters – waveforms, performance parameters, performance characteristics.

Continuous and discontinuous armature current operations; Current ripple and its effect on performance; Operation with free wheeling diode; Implementation of braking schemes; Drive employing dual converter.

UNIT III CHOPPER CONTROL

Introduction to time ratio control and frequency modulation; Class A, B, C, D and E chopper controlled DC motor - performance analysis, multi-quadrant control - Chopper based implementation of braking schemes; Multi-phase chopper; Related problems.

UNIT IV CLOSED LOOP CONTROL

Modeling of drive elements - Equivalent circuit, transfer function of self, separately excited DC motors; Linear Transfer function model of power converters; Sensing and feeds back elements -Closed loop speed control - current and speed loops, P, PI and PID controllers - response comparison. Simulation of converter and chopper fed d.c drive.

UNIT V **DIGITAL CONTROL OF D.C DRIVE**

Phase Locked Loop and micro-computer control of DC drives - Program flow chart for constant horse power and load disturbed operations; Speed detection and current sensing circuits.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Gopal K Dubey, "Power Semiconductor controlled Drives", Prentice Hall Inc., New Yersy, 1989.
- 2. R.Krishnan, "Electric Motor Drives Modeling, Analysis and Control", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2010.

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REFERENCES

- 1. Gobal K.Dubey, "Fundamentals of Electrical Drives", Narosal Publishing House, New Delhi, Second Edition, 2009
- 2. Vedam Subramanyam, "Electric Drives Concepts and Applications", Tata McGraw-Hill publishing company Ltd., New Delhi, 2002.
- 3. P.C Sen "Thyristor DC Drives", John wiely and sons, New York, 1981

PE8252 SPECIAL ELECTRICAL MACHINES

OBJECTIVES

- To review the fundamental concepts of permanent magnets and the operation of permanent magnet brushless DC motors.
- To introduce the concepts of permanent magnet brushless synchronous motors and synchronous reluctance motors.
- To develop the control methods and operating principles of switched reluctance motors.
- To introduce the concepts of stepper motors and its applications.
- To understand the basic concepts of other special machines.

UNIT I PERMANENT MAGNET BRUSHLESS DC MOTORS

Fundamentals of Permanent Magnets- Types- Principle of operation- Magnetic circuit analysis-EMF and Torque equations- Characteristics and control

UNIT II PERMANENT MAGNET SYNCHROUNOUS MOTORS

Principle of operation – EMF and Torque equations - Phasor diagram - Power controllers – Torque speed characteristics – Digital controllers – Constructional features, operating principle and characteristics of synchronous reluctance motor.

UNIT III SWITCHED RELUCTANCE MOTORS

Constructional features – Principle of operation- Torque prediction–Characteristics Power controllers – Control of SRM drive- Sensorless operation of SRM – Applications.

UNIT IV STEPPER MOTORS

Constructional features – Principle of operation – Types – Torque predictions – Linear and Non-linear analysis – Characteristics – Drive circuits – Closed loop control – Applications.

UNIT V OTHER SPECIAL MACHINES

Principle of operation and characteristics of Hysteresis motor – AC series motors – Linear motor – Applications.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. T.J.E. Miller, 'Brushless magnet and Reluctance motor drives', Claredon press, London, 1989.
- 2. R.Krishnan, 'Switched Reluctance motor drives', CRC press, 2001.
- 3. T.Kenjo, 'Stepping motors and their microprocessor controls', Oxford University press, New Delhi, 2000.

REFERENCES:

- 1. T.Kenjo and S.Nagamori, 'Permanent magnet and Brushless DC motors', Clarendon ' press, London, 1988.
- 2. R.Krishnan, 'Electric motor drives', Prentice hall of India,2002.
- 3. D.P.Kothari and I.J.Nagrath, 'Electric machines', Tata Mc Graw hill publishing company, New Delhi, Third Edition, 2004.
- 4. Irving L.Kosow, "Electric Machinery and Transformers" Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2007.

PE8211

POWER ELECTRONICS AND DRIVES LAB

LTPC 0032

- 1. Speed control of Converter fed DC motor.
- 2. Speed control of Chopper fed DC motor.
- 3. V/f control of three-phase induction motor.
- 4. Micro controller based speed control of Stepper motor.
- 5. Speed control of BLDC motor.
- 6. DSP based speed control of SRM motor.
- 7. Design of switched mode power supplies.
- 8. Design of UPS.
- 9. Simulation of Four quadrant operation of three-phase induction motor.
- 10. Voltage Regulation of three-phase Synchronous Generator.
- 11. Study of power quality analyser.

12.Study of driver circuits and generation of PWM signals for three phase inverters.



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PE8351 POWER ELECTRONICS FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS

OBJECTIVES:

- To Provide knowledge about the stand alone and grid connected renewable energy systems.
- To equip with required skills to derive the criteria for the design of power converters for renewable energy applications.
- To analyse and comprehend the various operating modes of wind electrical generators and solar energy systems.
- To design different power converters namely AC to DC, DC to DC and AC to AC converters for renewable energy systems.
- To develop maximum power point tracking algorithms.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Environmental aspects of electric energy conversion: impacts of renewable energy generation on environment (cost-GHG Emission) - Qualitative study of different renewable energy resources ocean, Biomass, Hydrogen energy systems : operating principles and characteristics of: Solar PV, Fuel cells, wind electrical systems-control strategy, operating area.

UNIT II ELECTRICAL MACHINES FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY CONVERSION

Review of reference theory fundamentals-principle of operation and analysis: IG, PMSG, SCIG and DFIG.

UNIT III POWER CONVERTERS

Solar: Block diagram of solar photo voltaic system : line commutated converters (inversionmode) - Boost and buck-boost converters- selection Of inverter, battery sizing, array sizing. Wind: three phase AC voltage controllers- AC-DC-AC converters: uncontrolled rectifiers, PWM Inverters, Grid Interactive Inverters-matrix converters.

UNIT IV ANALYSIS OF WIND AND PV SYSTEMS

Stand alone operation of fixed and variable speed wind energy conversion systems and solar system-Grid connection Issues -Grid integrated PMSG and SCIG Based WECS-Grid Integrated solar system

HYBRID RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS UNIT V

Need for Hybrid Systems- Range and type of Hybrid systems- Case studies of Wind-PV-Maximum Power Point Tracking (MPPT).

TEXT BOOK

1. S.N.Bhadra, D. Kastha, & S. Banerjee "Wind Electricaal Systems", Oxford University Press, 2009

REFERENCES:

- 1. Rashid .M. H "power electronics Hand book", Academic press, 2001.
- 2. Rai. G.D, "Non conventional energy sources", Khanna publishes, 1993.
- 3. Rai. G.D," Solar energy utilization", Khanna publishes, 1993.
- 4. Gray, L. Johnson, "Wind energy system", prentice hall linc, 1995.
- 5. Non-conventional Energy sources B.H.Khan Tata McGraw-hill Publishing Company, New Delhi.

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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

PW8001 ELECTRIC VEHICLES AND POWER MANAGEMENT UNIT I ELECTRIC VEHICLES AND VEHICLE MECHANICS Electric Vehicles (EV), Hybrid Electric Vehicles (HEV), Engine ratings, Comparisons of EV with internal combustion Engine vehicles, Fundamentals of vehicle mechanics UNIT II **ARCHITECTURE OF EV's AND POWER TRAIN COMPONENTS**

Architecture of EV's and HEV's - Plug-n Hybrid Electric Vehicles (PHEV)- Power train components and sizing, Gears, Clutches, Transmission and Brakes

CONTROL OF DC AND AC DRIVES UNIT III

DC/DC chopper based four quadrant operations of DC drives – Inverter based V/f Operation (motoring and braking) of induction motor drive system - Induction motor and permanent motor based vector control operation - Switched reluctance motor (SRM) drives

UNIT IV BATTERY ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM

Battery Basics, Different types, Battery Parameters, Battery modeling, Traction Batteries

ALTERNATIVE ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEMS UNIT V

Fuel cell – Characteristics- Types – hydrogen Storage Systems and Fuel cell EV – Ultra capacitors

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. Iqbal Hussain, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, Second Edition (2011).
- 2. Ali Emadi, Mehrdad Ehsani, John M.Miller Vehicular Electric Power Systems, Special Indian Edition, Marcel dekker, Inc 2010





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PE8001

ADVANCED POWER SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES

LTPC 3003

OBJECTIVES :

- To improve power semiconductor device structures for adjustable speed motor control applications.
- To understand the static and dynamic characteristics of current controlled power semiconductor devices
- To understand the static and dynamic characteristics of voltage controlled power semiconductor devices
- To enable the students for the selection of devices for different power electronics applications
- To understand the control and firing circuit for different devices.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Power switching devices overview – Attributes of an ideal switch, application requirements, circuit symbols; Power handling capability – (SOA); Device selection strategy – On-state and switching losses – EMI due to switching - Power diodes - Types, forward and reverse characteristics, switching characteristics – rating.

UNIT II CURRENT CONTROLLED DEVICES

BJT's – Construction, static characteristics, switching characteristics; Negative temperature coefficient and secondary breakdown; Power darlington - Thyristors – Physical and electrical principle underlying operating mode, Two transistor analogy – concept of latching; Gate and switching characteristics; converter grade and inverter grade and other types; series and parallel operation; comparison of BJT and Thyristor – steady state and dynamic models of BJT & Thyristor.

UNIT III VOLTAGE CONTROLLED DEVICES

Power MOSFETs and IGBTs – Principle of voltage controlled devices, construction, types, static and switching characteristics, steady state and dynamic models of MOSFET and IGBTs - Basics of GTO, MCT, FCT, RCT and IGCT.

UNIT IV FIRING AND PROTECTING CIRCUITS

Necessity of isolation, pulse transformer, optocoupler – Gate drives circuit: SCR, MOSFET, IGBTs and base driving for power BJT. - Over voltage, over current and gate protections; Design of snubbers.

UNIT V THERMAL PROTECTION

Heat transfer – conduction, convection and radiation; Cooling – liquid cooling, vapour – phase cooling; Guidance for hear sink selection – Thermal resistance and impedance -Electrical analogy of thermal components, heat sink types and design – Mounting types.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. B.W Williams 'Power Electronics Circuit Devices and Applications'.
- 2. Rashid M.H., " Power Electronics Circuits, Devices and Applications ", Prentice Hall India, Third Edition, New Delhi, 2004.

REFERENCES

- 1. MD Singh and K.B Khanchandani, "Power Electronics", Tata McGraw Hill, 2001.
- Mohan, Undcland and Robins, "Power Electronics Concepts, applications and Design, John Wiley and Sons, Singapore, 2000.

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PE8002 MODERN RECTIFIERS AND RESONANT CONVERTERS

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the harmonics standards
- To analyse and design power factor correction rectifiers for UPS applications.
- To analyse and design resonant converters for SMPS applications.
- To carry out of dynamic analysis of DC to DC Converters.
- To introduce the control techniques for control of resonant converters.

UNIT I **POWER SYSTEM HARMONICS & LINE COMMUTATED RECTIFIERS** 9

Average power-RMS value of a waveform-Power factor-AC line current harmonic standards IEC 1000-IEEE 519- The Single phase full wave rectifier-Continuous Conduction Mode-Discontinuous Conduction Mode- Behaviour when C is large-Minimizing THD when C is small-Three phase rectifiers- Continuous Conduction Mode-Discontinuous Conduction Mode-Harmonic trap filters.

PULSE WIDTH MODULATED RECTIFIERS UNIT II

Properties of Ideal rectifiers-Realization of non ideal rectifier-Control of current waveform-Average current control-Current programmed Control- Hysteresis control- Nonlinear carrier control-Single phase converter system incorporating ideal rectifiers-Modeling losses and efficiency in CCM high quality rectifiers-Boost rectifier Example -expression for controller duty cycle-expression for DC load current-solution for converter Efficiency n.

UNIT III **RESONANT CONVERTERS**

Review on Parallel and Series Resonant Switches-Soft Switching- Zero Current Switching -Zero Voltage Switching -Classification of Quasi resonant switches-Zero Current Switching of Quasi Resonant Buck converter, Zero Current Switching of Quasi Resonant Boost converter, Zero Voltage Switching of Quasi Resonant Buck converter, Zero Voltage Switching of Quasi Resonant Boost converter: Steady State analysis.

UNITIV DYNAMIC ANLYSIS OF SWITCHING CONVERTERS

Review of linear system analysis-State Space Averaging-Basic State Space Average Model-State Space Averaged model for an ideal Buck Converter, ideal Boost Converter, ideal Buck Boost Converter, for an ideal Cuk Converter,

UNIT V **CONTROL OF RESONANT CONVERTERS**

Pulse Width Modulation-Voltage Mode PWM Scheme-Current Mode PWM Scheme-Design of Controllers: PI Controller, Variable Structure Controller, Optimal Controller for the source current shaping of PWM rectifiers.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Robert W. Erickson & Dragon Maksimovic" Fundamentals of Power Electronics" Second Edition, 2001 Springer science and Business media
- 2. William Shepherd and Li zhang" Power Converters Circuits"Marceld Ekkerin, C.
- 3. Simon Ang and Alejandro Oliva "Power- Switching Converters" Taylor & Francis Group

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS



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PE8003

OBJECTIVE

 To provide conceptual knowledge in modern power electronic converters and its applications in electric power utility.

UNIT I **DC-DC CONVERTERS**

Principles of stepdown and stepup converters - Analysis and state space modeling of Buck, Boost, Buck- Boost and Cuk converters.

SMPS AND UPS

UNIT II SWITCHING MODE POWER CONVERTERS

Analysis and state space modeling of flyback, Forward, Luo, Half bridge and full bridge converters- control circuits and PWM techniques.

UNIT III **RESONANT CONVERTERS**

Introduction- classification- basic concepts- Resonant switch- Load Resonant converters- ZVS Clamped voltage topologies- DC link inverters with Zero Voltage Switching- Series and parallel Resonant inverters- Voltage control .

UNIT IV **DC-AC CONVERTERS**

Single phase and three phase inverters, control using various (sine PWM, SVPWM and advanced modulation) techniques, various harmonic elimination techniques- Multilevel inverters-Concepts - Types: Diode clamped- Flying capacitor- Cascaded types- Applications.

UNIT V **POWER CONDITIONERS, UPS & FILTERS**

Introduction- Power line disturbances- Power conditioners -UPS: offline UPS, Online UPS, Applications - Filters: Voltage filters, Series-parallel resonant filters, filter without series capacitors, filter for PWM VSI, current filter, DC filters - Design of inductor and transformer for PE applications - Selection of capacitors.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ned Mohan, Tore.M.Undeland, William.P.Robbins, Power Electronics converters,

- 1. Applications and design- Third Edition- John Wiley and Sons- 2006
- 2. M.H. Rashid Power Electronics circuits, devices and applications- third edition Prentice Hall of India New Delhi, 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1. M.H. Rashid Power Electronics handbook, Elsevier Publication, 2001.
- 2. Kjeld Thorborg, "Power Electronics In theory and Practice", Overseas Press, First Indian Edition 2005.
- 3. Philip T Krein, " Elements of Power Electronics", Oxford University Press

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CO8072

ROBUST CONTROL

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COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To introduce norms, random spaces and robustness measures
- To educate on H2 optimal control and estimation techniques
- To educate on Hinfinity optimal control techniques
- To educate on the LMI approach of Hinfinity control
- To educate on synthesis techniques for robust controllers and illustrate through case studies

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Norms of vectors and Matrices – Norms of Systems – Calculation of operator Norms – vector Random spaces- Specification for feedback systems – Co-prime factorization and Inner functions –structured and unstructured uncertainty- robustness

UNIT II H₂ OPTIMAL CONTROL

Linear Quadratic Controllers – Characterization of H_2 optimal controllers – H2 optimal estimation-Kalman Bucy Filter – LQG Controller

UNIT III H-INFINITY OPTIMAL CONTROL-RICCATI APPROACH

Formulation – Characterization of H-infinity sub-optimal controllers by means of Riccati equations – H-infinity control with full information – Hinfinity estimation

UNIT IV H-INFINITY OPTIMAL CONTROL- LMI APPROACH

Formulation – Characterization of H-infinity sub-optimal controllers by means of LMI Approach – Properties of H-infinity sub-optimal controllers – H-infinity synthesis with pole-placement constraints

UNIT V SYNTHESIS OF ROBUST CONTROLLERS & CASE STUDIES

Synthesis of Robust Controllers – Small Gain Theorem – D-K –iteration- Control of Inverted Pendulum- Control of CSTR – Control of Aircraft – Robust Control of Second-order Plant-Robust Control of Distillation Column

REFERENCES

- 1. U. Mackenroth "Robust Control Systems: Theory and Case Studies", Springer International Edition, 2010.
- J. B. Burl, "Linear optimal control H2 and H-infinity methods", Addison W Wesley, 1998
- **3.** D. Xue, Y.Q. Chen, D. P. Atherton, "Linear Feedback Control Analysis and Design with MATLAB, Advances In Design and Control", Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics, 2007.
- **4.** R. Petersen, V.A. Ugrinovskii and A. V. Savkin, "Robust Control Design using H-infinity Methods", Springer, 2000.
- 5. M. J. Grimble, "Robust Industrial Control Systems: Optimal Design Approach for Polynomial Systems", John Wiley and Sons Ltd., Publication, 2006.

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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

CO8073 SYSTEM IDENTIFICATION AND ADAPTIVE CONTROL

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To introduce various model structures for system identification
- To impart knowledge on parametric and non-parametric identification
- To introduce non-linear identification techniques
- To introduce the concept of adaptation techniques and control
- To illustrate the identification and adaptive control techniques through case studies

UNIT I MODELS FOR INDENTIFICATION

Models of LTI systems: Linear Models-State space Models-OE model- Model sets, Structures and Identifiability-Models for Time-varying and Non-linear systems: Models with Nonlinearities – Non-linear state-space models-Black box models, Fuzzy models'.

UNIT II NON-PARAMETRIC AND PARAMETRIC IDENTIFICATON

Transient response and Correlation Analysis – Frequency response analysis – Spectral Analysis – Least Square – Recursive Least Square –Forgetting factor- Maximum Likelihood – Instrumental Variable methods.

UNIT III NON-LINEAR IDENTIFICATION

Open and closed loop identification: Approaches – Direct and indirect identification – Joint input-output identification – Non-linear system identification – Wiener models – Power series expansions - State estimation techniques – Non linear identification using Neural Network and Fuzzy Logic.

UNIT IV ADAPTIVE COTROL AND ADAPTATION TECHNIQUES

Introduction – Uses – Auto tuning – Self Tuning Regulators (STR) – Model Reference Adaptive Control (MRAC) – Types of STR and MRAC – Different approaches to self-tuning regulators – Stochastic Adaptive control – Gain Scheduling.

UNIT V CASE STUDIES

Inverted Pendulum, Robot arm, process control application: heat exchanger, Distillation column, application to power system, Ship steering control.

REFERENCES

- 1. Ljung," System Identification Theory for the User", PHI, 1987.
- 2. Torsten Soderstrom, Petre Stoica, "System Identification", prentice Hall `International (UK) Ltd, 1989.
- 3. Astrom and Wittenmark," Adaptive Control ", PHI
- 4. William S. Levine, "Control Hand Book".
- 5. Narendra and Annasamy," Stable Adaptive Control Systems, Prentice Hall, 1989.



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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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COURSE OBJECTIVES

CO8074

- To educate on modeling and representing systems in state variable form
- To educate on solving linear and non-linear state equations
- To illustrate the role of controllability and observability
- To educate on stability analysis of systems usig Lyapunov's theory
- To educate on modal concepts and design of state and output feedback controllers and estimators

UNIT I STATE VARIABLE REPRESENTATION

Introduction-Concept of State-State equation for Dynamic Systems -Time invariance and linearity- Non uniqueness of state model-State Diagrams - Physical System and State Assignment.

SYSTEM THEORY

UNIT II SOLUTION OF STATE EQUATIONS

Existence and uniqueness of solutions to Continuous-time state equations-Solution of Nonlinear and Linear Time Varying State equations-Evaluation of matrix exponential-System modes- Role of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors.

UNIT III CONTROLLABILITY AND OBSERVABILITY

Controllability and Observability-Stabilizability and Detectability-Test for Continuous time Systems- Time varying and Time invariant case-Output Controllability-Reducibility-System Realizations.

UNIT IV STABILTY

Introduction-Equilibrium Points-Stability in the sense of Lyapunov-BIBO Stability-Stability of LTI Systems-Equilibrium Stability of Nonlinear Continuous Time Autonomous Systems-The Direct Method of Lyapunov and the Linear Continuous-Time Autonomous Systems-Finding Lyapunov Functions for Nonlinear Continuous Time Autonomous Systems-Krasovskii and Variable-Gradiant Method.

UNIT V MODAL CONTROL

Introduction-Controllable and Observable Companion Forms-SISO and MIMO Systems-The Effect of State Feedback on Controllability and Observability-Pole Placement by State Feedback for both SISO and MIMO Systems-Full Order and Reduced Order Observers.

REFERENCES:

- 1. M. Gopal, "Modern Control System Theory", New Age International, 2005.
- 2. K. Ogatta, "Modern Control Engineering", PHI, 2002.
- 3. John S. Bay, "Fundamentals of Linear State Space Systems", McGraw-Hill, 1999.
- 4. D. Roy Choudhury, "Modern Control Systems", New Age International, 2005.
- 5. John J. D'Azzo, C. H. Houpis and S. N. Sheldon, "Linear Control System Analysis and Design with MATLAB", Taylor Francis, 2003.
- 6. Z. Bubnicki, "Modern Control Theory", Springer, 2005.

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TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

CO8151

SOFT COMPUTING TECHNIQUES

PROGRAM OBJECTIVES

- To review the fundamentals of ANN and fuzzy set theory
- To make the students understand the use of ANN for modeling and control of non-linear system and to get familiarized with the ANN tool box.
- To impart knowledge of using Fuzzy logic for modeling and control of non-linear systems and get familiarized with the FLC tool box.
- To make the students to understand the use of optimization techniques.
- To familiarize the students on various hybrid control schemes, P.S.O and get familiarized with the ANFIS tool box.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORK (ANN) & FUZZY LOGIC 9

Review of fundamentals - Biological neuron, Artificial neuron, Activation function, Single Layer Perceptron – Limitations – Multi Layer Perceptron – Back propagation algorithm (BPA); Fuzzy set theory – Fuzzy sets – Operation on Fuzzy sets - Scalar cardinality, fuzzy cardinality, union and intersection, complement (yager and sugeno), equilibrium points, aggregation, projection, composition, decomposition, cylindrical extension, fuzzy relation – Fuzzy membership functions.

UNIT II NEURAL NETWORKS FOR MODELLING AND CONTROL

Modeling of non linear systems using ANN- NARX,NNSS,NARMAX - Generation of training data - optimal architecture – Model validation- Control of non linear system using ANN- Direct and Indirect neuro control schemes- Adaptive neuro controller – Case study - Familiarization of Neural Network Control Tool Box.

UNIT III FUZZY LOGIC FOR MODELLING AND CONTROL

Modeling of non linear systems using fuzzy models(Mamdani and Sugeno) –TSK model - Fuzzy Logic controller – Fuzzification – Knowledge base – Decision making logic – Defuzzification-Adaptive fuzzy systems- Case study - Familiarization of Fuzzy Logic Tool Box.

UNIT IV GENETIC ALGORITHM

Basic concept of Genetic algorithm and detail algorithmic steps, adjustment of free parameters. Solution of typical control problems using genetic algorithm. Concept on some other search techniques like Tabu search, Ant-colony search and Particle Swarm Optimization.

UNIT V HYBRID CONTROL SCHEMES

Fuzzification and rule base using ANN–Neuro fuzzy systems-ANFIS –Optimization of membership function and rule base using Genetic Algorithm and Particle Swarm Optimization - Case study–Introduction to Support Vector Regression – Familiarization of ANFIS Tool Box.

Soft Computing Techniques - Lab

To implement adaline and madaline with bipolar inputs and outputs using NN toolbox.

To implement back propagation for a given input pattern using NN toolbox.

To implement discrete hopfield network and test for given input pattern using NN toolbox.

To implement fuzzy set operation and properties using FUZZY toolbox.

To perform max-min composition of two matrices obtained from Cartesian product using 'm file' in MATLAB.

Write a program to verify the various laws associated with fuzzy set using FUZZY toolbox.

Write a matlab program for maximizing $f(x) = x^2$ using GA, where x is ranges from 0 to 31 (Perform ~ 1



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TOTAL : 45+30 = 75 PERIODS

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only 5 iterations). Find the objective function and 'x' value. Design FLC for a FOPDT process using FUZZY toolbox. Design a Neuro model for an inverted pendulum using NN toolbox. Design Fuzzy model for an inverted pendulum using FUZZY toolbox.

REFERENCES

- **1.** Laurene V.Fausett, "Fundamentals of Neural Networks, Architecture, Algorithms, and Applications", Pearson Education, 2008.
- 2. Timothy J.Ross, "Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications", Wiley, Third Edition, 2010.
- 3. George J.Klir and Bo Yuan, "Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic: Theory and Applications", Prentice Hall, First Edition, 1995.
- **4.** David E.Goldberg, "Genetic Algorithms in Search, Optimization, and Machine Learning", Pearson Education, 2009.
- 5. W.T.Miller, R.S.Sutton and P.J.Webrose, "Neural Networks for Control", MIT Press, 1996.
- 6. C.Cortes and V.Vapnik, "Support-Vector Networks, Machine Learning", 1995.

CO8251

NON LINEAR CONTROL

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PROGRAM OBJECTIVES

- To impart knowledge on phase plane analysis of non-linear systems.
- To impart knowledge on Describing function based approach to non-linear systems.
- To educate on stability analysis of systems using Lyapunov's theory.
- To educate on stability analysis of systems using Lyapunov's theory.
- To introduce the concept of sliding mode control.

UNIT I PHASE PLANE ANALYSIS

Concepts of phase plane analysis- Phase portraits- singular points- Symmetry in phase plane portraits-Constructing Phase Portraits- Phase plane Analysis of Linear and Nonlinear Systems-Existence of Limit Cycles. simulation of phase portraits in matlab

UNIT II DESCRIBING FUNCTION

Describing Function Fundamentals-Definitions-Assumptions-Computing Describing Functions-Common Nonlinearities and its Describing Functions-Nyquist Criterion and its Extension-Existence of Limit Cycles-Stability of limit Cycles. simulation of limit cycles in matlab

UNIT III LYAPUNOV THEORY

Nonlinear Systems and Equilibrium Points-Concepts of Stability-Linearization and Local Stability-Lyapunov's Direct Method-Positive definite Functions and Lyapunov Functions-Equilibrium Point Theorems-Invariant Set Theorems-LTI System Analysis based on Lyapunov's Direct Method-Krasovski's Method-Variable Gradient Method-Physically –Control Design based on Lyapunov's Direct Method.

UNIT IV FEEDBACK LINEARIZATION

Feedback Linearization and the Canonical Form-Mathematical Tools-Input-State Linearization of SISO Systems- input-Output Linearization of SISO Systems-Generating a Linear Input-Output Relation-Normal Forms-The Zero-Dynamics-Stabilization and Tracking-Inverse

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Dynamics and Non-Minimum-Phase Systems-Feedback Linearization of MIMO Systems Zero-Dynamics and Control Design. Simulation of tracking problems in matlab

UNIT V SLIDING MODE CONTROL

Sliding Surfaces- Continuous approximations of Switching Control laws-The Modeling/Performance Trade-Offs- MIMO Systems. simulation of sliding mode controller in matlab

L=45, P=30 TOTAL : 75 PERIODS

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PRACTICALS

- 1. Development of state trajectories and phase portraits
- 2. Development of algorithms to construct Describing functions
- 3. Performance analysis of non-linear systems using Describing function approach
- 4. Simulation and performance evaluation using Input-Output Linearization
- 5. Simulation and performance evaluation using Feedback Linearization
- 6. Design and performance evaluation of sliding mode controllers.
- 7. Design of controllers for MIMO systems
- 8. Design of controllers for chemical process loops
- 9. Design of controllers for power converters
- 10. Design of controllers for electro-mechanical systems

REFERENCES

- 1. J A E Slotine and W Li, Applied Nonlinear control, PHI, 1991.
- 2. Hasan Khalil, "Nonlinear systems and control", Prentice Hall.
- 3. S H Zak, "Systems and control", Oxford University Press, 2003.
- 4. Torkel Glad and Lennart Ljung, "Control Theory Multivariable and Nonlinear Methods", Taylor & Francis, 2002.
- 5. G. J. Thaler, "Automatic control systems", Jaico publishers, 1993.



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ADVANCED DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

Pre-requisites: Basics of Signal Processing, Mathematics of Transforms, Microcontroller

COURSE OBJECTIVES

ET8071

- To expose the students to the fundamentals of digital signal processing in frequency domain& its application
- To teach the fundamentals of digital signal processing in time-frequency domain& its application
- To compare Architectures & features of Programmable DSprocessors
- To discuss on Application development with commercial family of DS Processors
- To design & develop logical functions of DSProcessors with Re-Programmable logics & Devices

INTRODUCTION TO DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING UNIT I

Introduction, A Digital Signal-Processing System, The Sampling Process, Discrete Time Sequences, Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) and Fast Fourier Transform (FFT), Linear Time-Invariant Systems, Decimation and Interpolation, Digital Filters, FIR Filters, IIR Filters.

UNIT II WAVELET TRANSFORM

introduction to continuous wavelet transform- discrete wavelet transform -orthogonal wavelet decomposition- Multiresolution Analysis-Wavelet function-DWT.bases.orthogonal Basis-Scaling function, Wavelet coefficients- ortho normal wavelets and their relationship to filter banks- Digital filtering interpolation (i) Decomposition filters, (ii) reconstruction, the signal- Example MRA- Haar & Daubechies wavelet.

UNIT III ARCHITECTURES OF COMMERCIAL DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSORS 12 Introduction, catogorisation of DSP Processors, Fixed Point (Blackfin), Floating Point (SHARC), TI TMS 320c6xxx & OMAP processors TMS320C54X & 54xx on Basic Architecture comparison : of functional variations of Computational building blocks, MAC, Bus Architecture and memory, Data Addressing, Parallelism and pipelining, Parallel I/O interface, Memory Interface, Interrupt, DMA (one example Architecture in each of these case studies).

UNIT IV INTERFACING I/O PERIPHERALS FOR DSP BASED APPLICATIONS

Introduction, External Bus Interfacing Signals, Memory Interface, Parallel I/O Interface, Programmed I/O, Interrupts and I / O Direct Memory Access (DMA).-Introduction, Design of Decimation and Interpolation Filter, FFT Algorithm, PID Controller , Application for Serial Interfacing, DSP based Power Meter, Position control, CODEC Interface.

UNIT V **VLSI IMPLEMENTATION**

Low power Design-need for Low power VLSI chips-Basics of DSP system architecture design using VHDL programming, Mapping of DSP algorithm onto hardware, Realisation of MAC & Filter structure.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- John G. Proaks, Dimitris G. Manolakis, "Digital Signal Processing", Pearson 1. Education 2002.
- 2. Avatar Sing, S. Srinivasan, "Digital Signal Processing- Implementation using DSP Microprocessors with Examples from TMS320C54xx", Thomson India.2004.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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- 3. Lars Wanhammer, "DSP Integrated Circuits", Academic press, 1999, NewYork.
- 4. Lyla B Das," Embedded Systems-An Integrated Approach", Pearson 2013
- 5. Ashok Ambardar,"Digital Signal Processing: A Modern Introduction", Thomson India edition, 2007.
- 6. Raghuveer M.Rao and Ajit S. Bapardikar, Wavelet transforms- Introduction to theory and applications, Pearson Education, 2000.
- 7. K.P. Soman and K.L. Ramchandran, Insight into WAVELETS from theory to practice, Eastern Economy Edition, 2008
- 8. Ifeachor E. C., Jervis B. W ,"Digital Signal Processing: A practical approach, Pearson-Education, PHI/ 2002
- 9. B Venkataramani and M Bhaskar "Digital Signal Processors", TMH, 2nd, 2010
- 10. Peter Pirsch "Architectures for Digital Signal Processing", John Weily, 2007
- 11. Vinay K.Ingle, John G.Proakis," DSP-A Matlab Based Approach", Cengage Learning, 2010
- 12. Taan S.Elali,"Discrete Systems and Digital Signal Processing with Matlab",CRC Press2009.

ET8072

MEMS TECHNOLOGY

LT P C 3 0 0 3

Pre-requisites: Basic Instrumentation ,Material Science, Programming

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To teach the students properties of materials ,microstructure and fabrication methods.
- To teach the design and modeling of Electrostatic sensors and actuators.
- To teach the characterizing thermal sensors and actuators through design and
- modeling
- To teach the fundamentals of piezoelectric sensors and actuators
- To give exposure to different MEMS and NEMS devices.

UNIT I MEMS: MICRO-FABRICATION, MATERIALS AND ELECTRO-MECHANICAL CONSEPTS

Overview of micro fabrication – Silicon and other material based fabrication processes – Concepts: Conductivity of semiconductors-Crystal planes and orientation-stress and strain-flexural beam bending analysis-torsional deflections-Intrinsic stress- resonant frequency and quality factor.

UNIT II ELECTROSTATIC SENSORS AND ACTUATION

Principle, material, design and fabrication of parallel plate capacitors as electrostatic sensors and actuators-Applications

UNIT III THERMAL SENSING AND ACTUATION

Principle, material, design and fabrication of thermal couples, thermal bimorph sensors, thermal resistor sensors-Applications.

UNIT IV PIEZOELECTRIC SENSING AND ACTUATION

Piezoelectric effect-cantilever piezo electric actuator model-properties of piezoelectric materials-Applications.

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UNIT V CASE STUDIES

Piezoresistive sensors, Magnetic actuation, Micro fluidics applications, Medical applications, Optical MEMS.-NEMS Devices

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. Chang Liu, "Foundations of MEMS", Pearson International Edition, 2006.
- 2. Marc Madou, "Fundamentals of microfabrication", CRC Press, 1997.
- 3. Boston, "Micromachined Transducers Sourcebook", WCB McGraw Hill, 1998.
- 4. M.H.Bao "Micromechanical transducers : Pressure sensors, accelerometers and gyroscopes", Elsevier, Newyork, 2000.

ET8253

VLSI BASED DESIGN METHODOLOGIES

LT P C 3 1 0 4

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Pre-requisites:Logic design, programmable devices, programming

OBJECTIVES

- To give an insight to the students about the significance of CMOS technology and fabrication process.
- To teach the importance and architectural features of programmable logic devices.
- To introduce the ASIC construction and design algorithms
- To teach the basic analog VLSI design techniques.
- To study the Logic synthesis and simulation of digital system with Verilog HDL.

UNIT I CMOS DESIGN

Overview of I VLSI design Methodologies- Logic design with CMOS-transmission gate circuits-Clocked CMOS-dynamic CMOS circuits, Bi-CMOS circuits- Layout diagram, Stick diagram-IC fabrications – Low Power VLSI techniques-Trends in IC technology.

UNIT II PROGRAMABLE LOGIC DEVICES

Programming Techniques-Anti fuse-SRAM-EPROM and EEPROM technology –Re-Programmable Devices Architecture- Logical blocks, I/O blocks, Interconnects, Xilinx-XC9500,Cool Runner -XC5200, SPARTAN, Virtex - Altera MAX 7000-Flex 10K-Cyclone,Stratix.

UNIT III BASIC CONSTRUCTION, FLOOR PLANNING, PLACEMENT AND ROUTING 6 System partition – FPGA partitioning – Partitioning methods- floor planning – placementphysical design flow – global routing – detailed routing – special routing- circuit extraction – DRC.

UNIY IV ANALOG VLSI DESIGN

Introduction to analog VLSI- Design of CMOS 2stage-3 stage Op-Amp –High Speed and High frequency op-amps-Super MOS- Analog primitive cells-realization of neural networks-Introduction to FPAA.

UNIT V LOGIC SYNTHESIS AND SIMULATION

Overview of digital design with Verilog HDL, hierarchical modelling concepts, modules and port definitions, gate level modelling, data flow modelling, behavioural modelling, task & functions,

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Verilog and logic synthesis-simulation-Design examples, Ripple carry Adders, Carry Look ahead adders, Multiplier, ALU, Shift Registers, Multiplexer, Comparator, Test Bench.

TUTORIALS:

Digital design with Verilog HDL, gate level modelling, -simulation-Design examples, Ripple carry Adders, Carry Look ahead adders, Multiplier, ALU, Shift Registers, Multiplexer, Comparator, on Xilinx Platform/Processor Supported Test Bench

L: 45+T:15 = 60 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

- 1. M.J.S Smith, "Application Specific integrated circuits", Addition Wesley Longman Inc. 1997.
- 2. Kamran Eshraghian, Douglas A. pucknell and Sholeh Eshraghian, "Essentials of VLSI circuits and system", Prentice Hall India, 2005.
- 3. Wayne Wolf, "Modern VLSI design "Prentice Hall India, 2006.
- 4. Mohamed Ismail ,Terri Fiez, "Analog VLSI Signal and information Processing", McGraw Hill International Editions,1994.
- 5. Samir Palnitkar, "Veri Log HDL, A Design guide to Digital and Synthesis" 2nd Ed,Pearson,2005.

HV8072 ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE AND COMPATIBILITY LT P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide fundamental knowledge on electromagnetic interference and electromagnetic compatibility.
- To study the important techniques to control EMI and EMC.
- To expose the knowledge on testing techniques as per different Indian and international standards in EMI measurement.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Definitions of EMI/EMC -Sources of EMI- Intersystems and Intrasystem- Conducted and radiated interference- Characteristics - Designing for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)- EMC regulation- typical noise path- EMI predictions and modeling, Cross talk - Methods of eliminating interferences.

UNIT II GROUNDING AND CABLING

Cabling- types of cables, mechanism of EMI emission / coupling in cables –capacitive couplinginductive coupling- shielding to prevent magnetic radiation- shield transfer impedance, Grounding – safety grounds – signal grounds- single point and multipoint ground systemshybrid grounds- functional ground layout –grounding of cable shields- -guard shields- isolation, neutralizing transformers, shield grounding at high frequencies, digital grounding- Earth measurement Methods.

UNIT III BALANCING, FILTERING AND SHIELDING

Power supply decoupling- decoupling filters-amplifier filtering –high frequency filtering- EMI filters characteristics of LPF, HPF, BPF, BEF and power line filter design -Choice of capacitors, inductors, transformers and resistors, EMC design components -shielding – near and far fields-

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shielding effectiveness- absorption and reflection loss- magnetic materials as a shield, shield discontinuities, slots and holes, seams and joints, conductive gaskets-windows and coatings-grounding of shields.

UNIT IV EMI IN ELEMENTS AND CIRCUITS

Electromagnetic emissions, noise from relays and switches, non-linearities in circuits, passive inter modulation, transients in power supply lines, EMI from power electronic equipment, EMI as combination of radiation and conduction.

UNIT V ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE, STANDARDS AND TESTING TECHNIQUES

Static Generation- human body model- static discharges- ESD versus EMC, ESD protection in equipments- standards – FCC requirements – EMI measurements – Open area test site measurements and precautions- Radiated and conducted interference measurements, Control requirements and testing methods.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

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REFERENCES

- 1. V.P. Kodali, "Engineering Electromagnetic Compatibility", S. Chand, 1996.
- 2. Henry W.Ott, "Noise reduction techniques in electronic systems", John Wiley & Sons, 1989.
- 3. Bernhard Keiser, "Principles of Electro-magnetic Compatibility", Artech House, Inc. (685 canton street, Norwood, MA 020062 USA) 1987.
- 4. Bridges, J.E Milleta J. and Ricketts.L.W., "EMP Radiation and Protective techniques", John Wiley and sons, USA 1976.
- 5. William Duff G., & Donald White R. J, "Series on Electromagnetic Interference and Compatibility", Vol.
- 6. Weston David A., "Electromagnetic Compatibility, Principles and Applications", 1991.

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ELECTRICAL TRANSIENTS IN POWER SYSTEM

LT P C 3 0 0 3

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OBJECTIVES:

- To gain knowledge in the sources and effects of lightning, switching and temporary overvoltages.
- Ability to model and estimate the overvoltages in power system
- To coordinate the insulation of power system and protective devices.
- Ability to model and analyze power system and equipment for transient overvoltages using Electromagnetic Transient Program (EMTP).

UNIT I LIGHTNING OVERVOLTAGES

Mechanism and parameters of lightning flash, protective shadow, striking distance, electrogeometric model for lightning strike, Grounding for protection against lightning – Steady-state and dynamic tower-footing resistance, substation grounding Grid, Direct lightning strokes to overhead lines, without and with shield Wires.

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UNIT II SWITCHING AND TEMPORARY OVERVOLTAGES

Switching transients – concept – phenomenon – system performance under switching surges, Temporary overvoltages – load rejection – line faults – ferroresonance, VFTO.

UNIT III TRAVELLING WAVES ON TRANSMISSION LINE

Circuits and distributed constants, wave equation, reflection and refraction – behaviour of travelling waves at the line terminations – Lattice Diagrams – attenuation and distortion – multi-conductor system and multivelocity waves.

UNIT IV INSULATION CO-ORDINATION

Classification of overvoltages and insulations for insulation co-ordination – Characteristics of protective devices, applications, location of arresters – insulation co-ordination in AIS and GIS.

UNIT V COMPUTATION OF POWER SYSTEM TRANSIENTS

Modelling of power apparatus for transient studies – principles of digital computation – transmission lines, cables, transformer and rotating machines – Electromagnetic Transient program – case studies: line with short and open end, line terminated with R, L, C, transformer, typical power system case study: simulation of possible overvoltages in a high voltage substation.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. Pritindra Chowdhari, "Electromagnetic transients in Power System", John Wiley and Sons Inc., Second Edition, 2009.
- 2. Allan Greenwood, "Electrical Transients in Power System", Wiley & Sons Inc. New York, 2012.
- 3. Klaus Ragaller, "Surges in High Voltage Networks", Plenum Press, New York, 1980.
- 4. Rakosh Das Begamudre, "Extra High Voltage AC Transmission Engineering", (Second edition) Newage International (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
- 5. Naidu M S and Kamaraju V, "High Voltage Engineering", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.
- 6. IEEE Guide for safety in AC substation grounding IEEE Standard 80-2000.
- 7. Working Group 33/13-09 (1988), 'Very fast transient phenomena associated with Gas Insulated System', CIGRE, 33-13, pp. 1-20.



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PE8072 NON LINEAR DYNAMICS FOR POWER ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the non linear behavior of power electronic converters.
- To understand the techniques for investigation on non linear behavior of power electronic converters.
- To analyse the non linear phenomena in DC to DC converters.
- To analyse the non linear phenomena in AC and DC Drives.
- To introduce the control techniques for control of non linear behavior in power electronic systems.

UNIT I **BASICS OF NONLINEAR DYNAMICS**

Basics of Nonlinear Dynamics: System, state and state space model, Vector field- Modeling of Linear, nonlinear and Linearized systems, Attractors, chaos, Poincare map, Dynamics of Discrete time system, Lyapunov Exponent, Bifurcations, Bifurcations of smooth map, Bifurcations in piece wise smooth maps, border crossing and border collision bifurcation.

UNIT II **TECHNIQUES FOR INVESTIGATION OF NONLINEAR PHENOMENA** 9

Techniques for experimental investigation, Techniques for numerical investigation, Computation of averages under chaos, Computations of spectral peaks, Computation of the bifurcation and analyzing stability.

NONLINEAR PHENOMENA IN DC-DC CONVERTERS UNIT III

Border collision in the Current Mode controlled Boost Converter, Bifurcation and chaos in the Voltage controlled Buck Converter with latch, Bifurcation and chaos in the Voltage controlled Buck Converter without latch, Bifurcation and chaos in Cuk Converter. Nonlinear phenomenon in the inverter under tolerance band control

UNIT IV NONLINEAR PHENOMENA IN DRIVES

Nonlinear Phenomenon in Current controlled and voltage controlled DC Drives, Nonlinear Phenomenon in PMSM Drives.

UNIT V CONTROL OF CHAOS

Hysteresis control, Sliding mode and switching surface control, OGY Method, Pyragas method, Time Delay control. Application of the techniques to the Power electronics circuit and drives.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. George C. Vargheese, July 2001 Wiley IEEE Press S Banerjee, Nonlinear Phenomena in Power Electronics, IEEE Press
- 2. Steven H Strogatz, Nonlinear Dynamics and Chaos, Westview Press
- 3. C.K.TSE Complex Behaviour of Switching Power Converters, CRC Press, 2003

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PE8073 POWER QUALITY

- To understand the various power quality issues.
- To understand the concept of power and power factor in single phase and three phase systems supplying non linear loads
- To understand the conventional compensation techniques used for power factor correction and load voltage regulation.
- To understand the active compensation techniques used for power factor correction.
- To understand the active compensation techniques used for load voltage regulation.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Introduction – Characterisation of Electric Power Quality: Transients, short duration and long duration voltage variations, Voltage imbalance, waveform distortion, Voltage fluctuations, Power frequency variation, Power acceptability curves – power quality problems: poor load power factor, Non linear and unbalanced loads, DC offset in loads, Notching in load voltage, Disturbance in supply voltage – Power quality standards.

UNIT II ANALYSIS OF SINGLE PHASE AND THREE PHASE SYSTEM

Single phase linear and non linear loads – single phase sinusoidal, non sinusoidal source – supplying linear and nonlinear load – three phase Balance system – three phase unbalanced system – three phase unbalanced and distorted source supplying non linear loads – convept of pf – three phase three wire – three phase four wire system.

UNIT III CONVENTIONAL LOAD COMPENSATION METHODS

Principle of load compensation and voltage regulation – classical load balancing problem : open loop balancing – closed loop balancing, current balancing – harmonic reduction and voltage sag reduction – analysis of unbalance – instantaneous of real and reactive powers – Extraction of fundamental sequence component from measured.

UNIT IV LOAD COMPENSATION USING DSTATCOM

Compensating single – phase loads – Ideal three phase shunt compensator structure – generating reference currents using instantaneous PQ theory – Instantaneous symmetrical components theory – Generating reference currents when the souce is unbalanced – Realization and control of DSTATCOM – DSTATCOM in Voltage control mode

UNIT V SERIES COMPENSATION OF POWER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

Rectifier supported DVR – Dc Capacitor supported DVR – DVR Structure – voltage Restoration – Series Active Filter – Unified power quality conditioner.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Arindam Ghosh "Power Quality Enhancement Using Custom Power Devices", Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2002
- 2. G.T.Heydt, "Electric Power Quality", Stars in a Circle Publications, 1994(2nd edition)
- 3. Power Quality R.C. Duggan
- 4. Power system harmonics –A.J. Arrillga
- 5. Power Electronic Converter Harmonics Derek A. Paice

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DISTRIBUTED GENERATION AND MICRO GRID

PS8072

OBJECTIVES

- To illustrate the concept of distributed generation •
- To analyze the impact of grid integration.
- To study concept of Microgrid and its configuration •

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Conventional power generation: advantages and disadvantages, Energy crises, Nonconventional energy (NCE) resources: review of Solar PV, Wind Energy systems, Fuel Cells, micro-turbines, biomass, and tidal sources.

UNIT II **DISTRIBUTED GENERATIONS (DG)**

Concept of distributed generations, topologies, selection of sources, regulatory standards/ framework, Standards for interconnecting Distributed resources to electric power systems: IEEE 1547. DG installation classes, security issues in DG implementations. Energy storage elements: Batteries, ultra-capacitors, flywheels. Captive power plants

UNIT III IMPACT OF GRID INTEGRATION

Requirements for grid interconnection, limits on operational parameters,: voltage, frequency, THD, response to grid abnormal operating conditions, islanding issues. Impact of grid integration with NCE sources on existing power system: reliability, stability and power quality issues.

UNIT IV **BASICS OF A MICROGRID**

Concept and definition of microgrid, microgrid drivers and benefits, review of sources of microgrids, typical structure and configuration of a microgrid, AC and DC microgrids, Power Electronics interfaces in DC and AC microgrids,

UNIT V CONTROL AND OPERATION OF MICROGRID

Modes of operation and control of microgrid: grid connected and islanded mode, Active and reactive power control, protection issues, anti-islanding schemes: passive, active and communication based techniques, microgrid communication infrastructure, Power quality issues in microgrids, regulatory standards, Microgrid economics, Introduction to smart microgrids.

REFERENCES

- "Voltage Source Converters in Power Systems: Modeling, Control and Applications", 1 Amirnaser Yezdani, and Reza Iravani, IEEE John Wiley Publications.
- "Power Switching Converters: Medium and High Power", DorinNeacsu, CRC Press, Taylor 2. & Francis. 2006.
- 3. "Solar Photo Voltaics", Chetan Singh Solanki, PHI learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009
- 4. "Wind Energy Explained, theory design and applications," J.F. Manwell, J.G. McGowan Wiley publication
- "Biomass Regenerable Energy", D. D. Hall and R. P. Grover, John Wiley, New York, 1987. 5.
- "Renewable Energy Resources" John Twidell and Tony Weir, Tyalor and Francis 6. Publications, Second edition

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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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PS8073 ENERGY MANAGEMENT AND AUDITING

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To study the concepts behind economic analysis and Load management.
- To emphasize the energy management on various electrical equipments and metering.
- To illustrate the concept of lighting systems and cogeneration.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Need for energy management - energy basics- designing and starting an energy management program – energy accounting -energy monitoring, targeting and reporting- energy audit process.

UNIT II ENERGY COST AND LOAD MANAGEMENT

Important concepts in an economic analysis - Economic models-Time value of money-Utility rate structures- cost of electricity-Loss evaluation

Load management: Demand control techniques-Utility monitoring and control system-HVAC and energy management-Economic justification

UNIT III ENERGY MANAGEMENT FOR MOTORS, SYSTEMS, AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Systems and equipment- Electric motors-Transformers and reactors-Capacitors and synchronous machines

UNIT IV METERING FOR ENERGY MANAGEMENT

Relationships between parameters-Units of measure-Typical cost factors- Utility meters - Timing of meter disc for kilowatt measurement - Demand meters - Paralleling of current transformers -Instrument transformer burdens-Multitasking solid-state meters - Metering location vs. requirements- Metering techniques and practical examples

UNIT V LIGHTING SYSTEMS & COGENERATION

Concept of lighting systems - The task and the working space -Light sources - Ballasts - Luminaries - Lighting controls-Optimizing lighting energy - Power factor and effect of harmonics on power quality - Cost analysis techniques-Lighting and energy standards

Cogeneration: Forms of cogeneration - feasibility of cogeneration- Electrical interconnection. TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Barney L. Capehart, Wayne C. Turner, and William J. Kennedy, Guide to Energy Management, Fifth Edition, The Fairmont Press, Inc., 2006
- 2. Eastop T.D & Croft D.R, Energy Efficiency for Engineers and Technologists, Logman Scientific & Technical, ISBN-0-582-03184, 1990.

REFERENCES

- 1. Reay D.A, Industrial Energy Conservation, 1stedition, Pergamon Press, 1977.
- 2. IEEE Recommended Practice for Energy Management in Industrial and Commercial Facilities, IEEE, 196.
- 3. Amit K. Tyagi, Handbook on Energy Audits and Management, TERI, 2003.

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Introduction - Comparison of AC and DC transmission – Application of DC transmission – Description of DC transmission system - Planning for HVDC transmission – Modern trends in DC transmission – DC breakers – Cables, VSC based HVDC.

UNIT II ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS AND HVDC SYSTEM CONTROL

Pulse number, choice of converter configuration – Simplified analysis of Graetz circuit - Converter bridge characteristics – characteristics of a twelve pulse converter- detailed analysis of converters.

General principles of DC link control – Converter control characteristics – System control hierarchy - Firing angle control – Current and extinction angle control – Generation of harmonics and filtering - power control – Higher level controllers.

UNIT III MULTITERMINAL DC SYSTEMS

Introduction – Potential applications of MTDC systems - Types of MTDC systems - Control and protection of MTDC systems - Study of MTDC systems.

UNIT IV POWER FLOW ANALYSIS IN AC/DC SYSTEMS

Per unit system for DC Quantities - Modelling of DC links - Solution of DC load flow - Solution of AC-DC power flow – Unified, Sequential and Substitution of power injection method.

UNIT V SIMULATION OF HVDC SYSTEMS

Introduction – DC LINK Modelling , Converter Modeling and State Space Analysis , Philosophy and tools – HVDC system simulation, Online and OFFline simulators — Dynamic interactions between DC and AC systems.

TEXT BOOKS

PS8074

- 1. P. Kundur, "Power System Stability and Control", McGraw-Hill, 1993
- 2. K.R.Padiyar, , "HVDC Power Transmission Systems", New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2002.

REFERENCES

- 1. J.Arrillaga, , "High Voltage Direct Current Transmission", Peter Pregrinus, London, 1983.
- 2. Erich Uhlmann, "Power Transmission by Direct Current", BS Publications, 2004.
- 3. V.K.Sood, HVDC and FACTS controllers Applications of Static Converters in Power System, APRIL 2004, Kluwer Academic Publishers.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

• To impart knowledge on operation, modelling and control of HVDC link.

HIGH VOLTAGE DIRECT CURRENT TRANSMISSION

- To perform steady state analysis of AC/DC system.
- To expose various HVDC simulators.

UNIT I DC POWER TRANSMISSION TECHNOLOGY

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To introduce the different optimization problems and techniques
- To study the fundamentals of the linear and non-linear programming problem.
- To understand the concept of dynamic programming and genetic algorithm technique

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Definition, Classification of optimization problems, Classical Optimization Techniques, Single and Multiple Optimization with and without inequality constraints.

OPTIMISATION TECHNIQUES

UNIT II LINEAR PROGRAMMING (LP)

Simplex method of solving LPP, revised simplex method, duality, Constrained optimization, Theorems and procedure, Linear programming, mathematical model, solution technique, duality.

UNIT III NON LINEAR PROGRAMMING

Steepest descent method, conjugates gradient method, Newton's Method, Sequential quadratic programming, Penalty function method, augmented Lagrange multiplier method.,

UNIT IV DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING (DP)

Multistage decision processes, concept of sub-optimization and principle of optimality, Recursive relations, Integer Linear programming, Branch and bound algorithm

UNIT V **GENETIC ALGORITHM**

Introduction to genetic Algorithm, working principle, coding of variables, fitness function, GA operators; Similarities and differences between Gas and traditional methods; Unconstrained and constrained optimization using genetic Algorithm, real coded gas, Advanced Gas, global optimization using GA, Applications to power system.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. S.S. Rao ,"Optimization Theory and Applications", Wiley-Eastern Limited, 1984.
- 2. G.Luenberger," Introduction of Linear and Non-Linear Programming", Wesley Publishing Company, 2011.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Computational methods in Optimization, Polak, Academic Press, 1971.
- 2. Optimization Theory with applications, Pierre D.A., Wiley Publications, 1969.
- 3. Taha, H. A., Operations Research: An Introduction, Seventh Edition, Pearson Education Edition, Asia, New Delhi ,2002.



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TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Eduardo Lorenzo G. Araujo, Solar electricity engineering of photovoltaic systems, Progensa, 1994.
- 2. Stuart R.Wenham, Martin A.Green, Muriel E. Watt and Richard Corkish, Applied Photovoltaics, 2007, Earthscan, UK.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Frank S. Barnes & Jonah G. Levine, Large Energy storage Systems Handbook, CRC Press, 2011.
- 2. Solar & Wind energy Technologies McNeils, Frenkel, Desai, Wiley Eastern, 1990
- 3. Solar Energy S.P. Sukhatme, Tata McGraw Hill, 1987.

Telecommunications.

GRID CONNECTED PV SYSTEMS UNIT III

PV systems in buildings - design issues for central power stations - safety - Economic aspect -Efficiency and performance - International PV programs

Characteristics of sunlight - semiconductors and P-N junctions -behavior of solar cells - cell

UNIT IV ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEMS

9 Impact of intermittent generation - Battery energy storage - solar thermal energy storage pumped hydroelectric energy storage

APPLICATIONS UNIT V

Water pumping - battery chargers - solar car - direct-drive applications -Space -

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS



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9 Solar modules - storage systems - power conditioning and regulation - protection - stand alone

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• To Discuss about different energy storage systems

STAND ALONE PV SYSTEM

To Study about solar modules and PV system design and their applications

PS8076 SOLAR AND ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM

• To Deal with grid connected PV systems

INTRODUCTION

properties – PV cell interconnection

PV systems design – sizing

COURSE OBJECTIVES

UNIT I

UNIT II

LTPC 3003

PS8077 WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To learn the design and control principles of Wind turbine.
- To understand the concepts of fixed speed and variable speed, wind energy conversion systems.
- To analyze the grid integration issues.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Components of WECS-WECS schemes-Power obtained from wind-simple momentum theory-Power coefficient-Sabinin's theory-Aerodynamics of Wind turbine

UNIT II WIND TURBINES

HAWT-VAWT-Power developed-Thrust-Efficiency-Rotor selection-Rotor design considerations-Tip speed ratio-No. of Blades-Blade profile-Power Regulation-yaw control-Pitch angle controlstall control-Schemes for maximum power extraction.

UNIT III FIXED SPEED SYSTEMS

Generating Systems- Constant speed constant frequency systems -Choice of Generators-Deciding factors-Synchronous Generator-Squirrel Cage Induction Generator- Model of Wind Speed- Model wind turbine rotor - Drive Train model-Generator model for Steady state and Transient stability analysis.

UNIT IV VARIABLE SPEED SYSTEMS

Need of variable speed systems-Power-wind speed characteristics-Variable speed constant frequency systems synchronous generator- DFIG- PMSG -Variable speed generators modeling - Variable speed variable frequency schemes.

UNIT V GRID CONNECTED SYSTEMS

Wind interconnection requirements, low-voltage ride through (LVRT), ramp rate limitations, and supply of ancillary services for frequency and voltage control, current practices and industry trends wind interconnection impact on steady-state and dynamic performance of the power system including modeling issue.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. L.L.Freris "Wind Energy conversion Systems", Prentice Hall, 1990
- 2. S.N.Bhadra, D.Kastha, S.Banerjee, "Wind Electrical Sytems", Oxford University Press, 2010.

REFERENCES

- 1. Ion Boldea, "Variable speed generators", Taylor & Francis group, 2006.
- 2. E.W.Golding "The generation of Electricity by wind power", Redwood burn Ltd., Trowbridge,1976.
- 3. N. Jenkins," Wind Energy Technology" John Wiley & Sons, 1997
- 4. S.Heir "Grid Integration of WECS", Wiley 1998.



TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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FLEXIBLE AC TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

COURSE OBJECTIVES

PS8253

- To emphasis the need for FACTS controllers.
- To learn the characteristics, applications and modelling of series and shunt FACTS controllers.
- To analyze the interaction of different FACTS controller and perform control coordination

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Review of basics of power transmission networks-control of power flow in AC transmission line-Analysis of uncompensated AC Transmission line- Passive reactive power compensation: Effect of series and shunt compensation at the mid-point of the line on power transfer- Need for FACTS controllers- types of FACTS controllers.

UNIT II STATIC VAR COMPENSATOR (SVC)

Configuration of SVC- voltage regulation by SVC- Modelling of SVC for load flow analysis-Modelling of SVC for stability studies-Design of SVC to regulate the mid-point voltage of a SMIB system- Applications: transient stability enhancement and power oscillation damping of SMIB system with SVC connected at the mid-point of the line.

UNIT III THYRISTOR AND GTO THYRISTOR CONTROLLED SERIES CAPACITORS (TCSC and GCSC)

Concepts of Controlled Series Compensation – Operation of TCSC and GCSC- Analysis of TCSC-GCSC – Modelling of TCSC and GCSC for load flow studies- modeling TCSC and GCSC for stability studied- Applications of TCSC and GCSC.

UNIT IV VOLTAGE SOURCE CONVERTER BASED FACTS CONTROLLERS

Static synchronous compensator(STATCOM)- Static synchronous series compensator(SSSC)-Operation of STATCOM and SSSC-Power flow control with STATCOM and SSSC- Modelling of STATCOM and SSSC for power flow and transient stability studies –operation of Unified and Interline power flow controllers(UPFC and IPFC)- Modelling of UPFC and IPFC for load flow and transient stability studies- Applications.

UNIT V CONTROLLERS AND THEIR COORDINATION

FACTS Controller interactions – SVC–SVC interaction - co-ordination of multiple controllers using linear control techniques – Quantitative treatment of control coordination.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Mohan Mathur, R., Rajiv. K. Varma, "Thyristor Based Facts Controllers for Electrical Transmission Systems", IEEE press and John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 2. K.R.Padiyar," FACTS Controllers in Power Transmission and Distribution", New Age International(P) Ltd., Publishers, New Delhi, Reprint 2008,

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REFERENCES:

- 1. A.T.John, "Flexible AC Transmission System", Institution of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE), 1999.
- 2. Narain G.Hingorani, Laszio. Gyugyl, "Understanding FACTS Concepts and Technology of Flexible AC Transmission System", Standard Publishers, Delhi 2001.
- 3. V. K.Sood, "HVDC and FACTS controllers- Applications of Static Converters in Power System", 2004, Kluwer Academic Publishers.

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SMART GRIDS

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COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To Study about Smart Grid technologies, different smart meters and advanced metering infrastructure.
- To familiarize the power quality management issues in Smart Grid.
- To familiarize the high performance computing for Smart Grid applications

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO SMART GRID

Evolution of Electric Grid, Concept, Definitions and Need for Smart Grid, Smart grid drivers, functions, opportunities, challenges and benefits, Difference between conventional & Smart Grid, Concept of Resilient & Self Healing Grid, Present development & International policies in Smart Grid, Diverse perspectives from experts and global Smart Grid initiatives.

UNIT II SMART GRID TECHNOLOGIES

Technology Drivers, Smart energy resources, Smart substations, Substation Automation, Feeder Automation, Transmission systems: EMS, FACTS and HVDC, Wide area monitoring, Protection and control, Distribution systems: DMS, Volt/VAr control, Fault Detection, Isolation and service restoration, Outage management, High-Efficiency Distribution Transformers, Phase Shifting Transformers, Plug in Hybrid Electric Vehicles (PHEV).

UNIT III SMART METERS AND ADVANCED METERING INFRASTRUCTURE

Introduction to Smart Meters, Advanced Metering infrastructure (AMI) drivers and benefits, AMI protocols, standards and initiatives, AMI needs in the smart grid, Phasor Measurement Unit(PMU), Intelligent Electronic Devices(IED) & their application for monitoring & protection.

UNIT IV POWER QUALITY MANAGEMENT IN SMART GRID

Power Quality & EMC in Smart Grid, Power Quality issues of Grid connected Renewable Energy Sources, Power Quality Conditioners for Smart Grid, Web based Power Quality monitoring, Power Quality Audit.

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UNIT V HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING FOR SMART GRID APPLICATIONS 9

Local Area Network (LAN), House Area Network (HAN), Wide Area Network (WAN), Broadband over Power line (BPL), IP based Protocols, Basics of Web Service and CLOUD Computing to make Smart Grids smarter, Cyber Security for Smart Grid.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS :

- 1. Stuart Borlase "Smart Grid :Infrastructure, Technology and Solutions", CRC Press 2012.
- 2. Janaka Ekanayake, Nick Jenkins, KithsiriLiyanage, Jianzhong Wu, Akihiko Yokoyama, "Smart Grid: Technology and Applications", Wiley

REFERENCES:

- 1. Vehbi C. Güngör, DilanSahin, TaskinKocak, Salih Ergüt, Concettina Buccella, Carlo Cecati, and Gerhard P. Hancke, Smart Grid Technologies: Communication Technologies and Standards IEEE Transactions On Industrial Informatics, Vol. 7, No. 4, November 2011.
- 2. Xi Fang, Satyajayant Misra, Guoliang Xue, and Dejun Yang 'Smart Grid The New and Improved Power Grid: A Survey", IEEE Transaction on Smart Grids,



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