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<td>Marine Vehicles</td>
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OBJECTIVE:
- To impart knowledge on the principle and design of control of Indoor/ particulate/ gaseous air pollutant and its emerging trends.

UNIT I  INTRODUCTION  7
Structure and composition of Atmosphere – Definition, Scope and Scales of Air Pollution – Sources and classification of air pollutants and their effect on human health, vegetation, animals, property, aesthetic value and visibility- Ambient Air Quality and Emission standards.

UNIT II  METEOROLOGY  6

UNIT III  CONTROL OF PARTICULATE CONTAMINANTS  11

UNIT IV  CONTROL OF GASEOUS CONTAMINANTS  11

UNIT V  INDOOR AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT  10
Sources, types and control of indoor air pollutants, sick building syndrome and Building related illness- Sources and Effects of Noise Pollution – Measurement – Standards –Control and Preventive measures.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
The students completing the course will have
- an understanding of the nature and characteristics of air pollutants, noise pollution and basic concepts of air quality management
- ability to identify, formulate and solve air and noise pollution problems
- ability to design stacks and particulate air pollution control devices to meet applicable standards.
- Ability to select control equipments.
- Ability to ensure quality, control and preventive measures.

TEXTBOOKS:

REFERENCES:
OBJECTIVES:
- To understand the construction and working principle of various parts of an automobile.
- To have the practice for assembling and dismantling of engine parts and transmission system.

UNIT I  AUTOMOTIVE ENGINE AUXILIARY SYSTEMS
Automotive engines- External combustion engines -Internal combustion engines -classification of engines- SI Engines- CI Engines- two stroke engines -four stroke engines- construction and working principles - IC engine components- functions and materials -valve timing -port timing diagram- Injection system -Unit injector system- Rotary distributor type - Electronically controlled injection system for SI engines-Cl engines-Ignition system - Electronic ignition system -Transistorized ignition system, capacitive discharge ignition system.

UNIT II  VEHICLE FRAMES AND STEERING SYSTEM
Vehicle construction and different Chassis layouts -classifications of chassis- types of frames- frameless chassis construction -articulated vehicles- vehicle body - Vehicle aerodynamics-various resistances and its effects - steering system -conventional - sophisticated vehicle- and types of steering gear box-Power Steering- Steering geometry-condition for true rolling motion-Ackermann's- Devi's steering system - types of stub axle – Types of rear axles.

UNIT III  TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS
Clutch-types and construction, gear boxes- manual and automatic, gear shift mechanisms, Over drive, transfer box, fluid flywheel, torque converter, propeller shaft, slip joints, universal joints — Hotchkiss Drive and Torque Tube Drive- rear axle-Differential-wheels and tyres.

UNIT IV  SUSPENSION AND BRAKES SYSTEMS
Suspension Systems- conventional Suspension Systems -independent Suspension Systems —leaf spring – coil spring –taper-lite - eligo.s spring Types of brakes -Pneumatic and Hydraulic Braking Systems, Antilock Braking System (ABS), electronic brake force distribution (EBD) and Traction Control. Derive the equation of Forces acting while applying a brakes on plain surface - inclined road-gradient.

UNIT V  ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SOURCES
Note: Practical Training in dismantling and assembling of Engine parts and Transmission Systems should be given to the students.

OUTCOMES:
- Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to identify the different components in automobile engineering.
- Have clear understanding on different auxiliary and transmission systems usual.

TEXT BOOKS:
REFERENCES:

OBM551 BIO CHEMISTRY L T P C

OBJECTIVE:
- To study the structural and functional properties of carbohydrates, proteins, lipids and nucleic acids
- To discuss the impairments in metabolism of the above, including inborn errors of metabolism.

UNIT I BIOLOGICAL PRINCIPLE 8
Composition & properties of the cell membrane, membrane transports, permeability Coefficient & partition coefficient, body fluids, electrolytes, acid-base balance, blood viscosity and Newtonian nature, colloids, filtration, diffusion, osmosis, dialysis, ultrafiltration, ultracentrifugation, cellular fractionation, electrophoresis, radioimmunoassay, Photochemical reaction, law of photochemistry, fluorescence and phosphorescence.

UNIT II MACROMOLECULES 10
Classification and functions of carbohydrates, glycolysis, TCA cycle, Blood Sugar analysis and glucose tolerance test, Classification and functions of proteins, architecture of proteins, Classification of amino acids, Oxidative and non oxidative deamination, transamination, decarboxylation, urea cycle, Purification/separation of proteins, Classification and functions of lipids, biosynthesis of long chain fatty acids, oxidation and degradation of fatty acids.

UNIT III ENZYMES 9
Chemical Nature, General Properties, Spectrophotometric measurement of enzymes, Isolation techniques, Diagnostic enzymes.


UNIT IV METABOLIC DISORDER 9
Diabetes mellitus, Diabetic ketoacidosis, lactose intolerance, Glycogen storage disorders, Lipid storage disorders, obesity, atherosclerosis, Plasma proteins in health and disease, Inborn error of amino acid metabolism, Disorders associated with abnormalities in the metabolism of bilirubin – Jaundice.

UNIT V 9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
After the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to,
- Explain the fundamentals of biochemistry
- Have in-depth knowledge about the classification, structures and properties of carbohydrates, lipid, protein and amino acid.
- Demonstrate about the mechanism of actions of enzymes and co-enzymes, clinical importance of enzymes, hormonal assay and significance.
TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES:

OIC551 BIOMEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION

OBJECTIVES:
- To Introduce Fundamentals of Biomedical Engineering
- To study the communication mechanics in a biomedical system with few examples
- To study measurement of certain important electrical and non-electrical parameters
- To understand the basic principles in imaging techniques
- To have a basic knowledge in life assisting and therapeutic devices

UNIT I HUMAN BODY SUBSYSTEM AND TRANSDUCERS
Brief description of muscular, cardiovascular and respiratory systems; their electrical, mechanical and chemical activities. Principles and classification of transducers for Bio-medical applications. Electrode theory, different types of electrodes; Selection criteria for transducers and electrodes.

UNIT II NON ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT

UNIT III ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT AND ELECTRICAL SAFETY

UNIT IV IMAGING MODALITIES AND BIO-TELEMETRY

UNIT V LIFE ASSISTING AND THERAPEUTIC DEVICES

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
- Ability to understand communication mechanics in a biomedical system.
- Ability to understand and analyze measurement of certain electrical and non-electrical parameters.
- Ability to understand basic principles of imaging techniques, life assisting and therapeutic devices.
TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES:

OIT552 CLOUD COMPUTING L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
• To learn about the concept of cloud and utility computing.
• To have knowledge on the various issues in cloud computing.
• To be familiar with the lead players in cloud.
• To appreciate the emergence of cloud as the next generation computing paradigm.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO CLOUD COMPUTING 9

UNIT II VIRTUALIZATION 9

UNIT III CLOUD ARCHITECTURE, SERVICES AND STORAGE 9

UNIT IV RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND SECURITY IN CLOUD 9

UNIT V CASE STUDIES 9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
OUTCOMES:
On Completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Articulate the main concepts, key technologies, strengths and limitations of cloud computing.
- Learn the key and enabling technologies that help in the development of cloud.
- Develop the ability to understand and use the architecture of compute and storage cloud, service and delivery models.
- Explain the core issues of cloud computing such as resource management and security.
- Be able to install and use current cloud technologies.
- Choose the appropriate technologies, algorithms and approaches for implementation and use of cloud.

TEXT BOOKS:

OIT551 DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES
- To learn the fundamentals of data models
- To learn conceptual modeling using ER diagrams.
- To study SQL queries and database programming
- To learn proper designing of relational database.
- To understand database security concepts
- To understand Information retrieval techniques

UNIT I DBMS AND CONCEPTUAL DATA MODELING 9

UNIT II DATABASE QUERYING 11

UNIT III DATABASE PROGRAMMING 7
Database programming with function calls, stored procedures - views – triggers. Embedded SQL. ODBC connectivity with front end tools. Implementation using ODBC/JDBC and SQL/PSM, implementing functions, views, and triggers in MySQL / Oracle.

UNIT IV DATABASE DESIGN 9
UNIT V  ADVANCED TOPICS

OUTCOMES:
Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
• understand relational data model, evolve conceptual model of a given problem, its mapping to relational model and Normalization
• query the relational database and write programs with database connectivity
• understand the concepts of database security and information retrieval systems

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES:

OME551  ENERGY CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT  L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
At the end of the course, the student is expected to
• understand and analyse the energy data of industries
• carry out energy accounting and balancing
• conduct energy audit and suggest methodologies for energy savings and
• utilise the available resources in optimal ways

UNIT I  INTRODUCTION

UNIT II  ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

UNIT III  THERMAL SYSTEMS

UNIT IV  ENERGY CONSERVATION IN MAJOR UTILITIES
Pumps, Fans, Blowers, Compressed Air Systems, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Systems – Cooling Towers – D.G. sets
OUTCOMES:
Upon completion of this course, the students can able to analyse the energy data of industries.
- Can carryout energy accounting and balancing
- Can suggest methodologies for energy savings

TEXT BOOKS:
1. Energy Manager Training Manual (4 Volumes) available at www.energymanager
   training.com,a website administered by Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE), a statutory body

REFERENCES:
   1981.

OBJECTIVE:
- To emphasize on the importance of environment and agriculture on changing global
  scenario and the emerging issues connected to it.

UNIT I  ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS
Environmental basis for agriculture and food – Land use and landscape changes – Water quality
issues – Changing social structure and economic focus – Globalization and its impacts – Agro
ecosystems.

UNIT II  ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS
Irrigation development and watersheds – mechanized agriculture and soil cover impacts – Erosion
and problems of deposition in irrigation systems – Agricultural drainage and downstream impacts –
Agriculture versus urban impacts.

UNIT III  CLIMATE CHANGE
Global warming and changing environment – Ecosystem changes – Changing blue-green-grey
water cycles – Water scarcity and water shortages – Desertification.

UNIT IV  ECOLOGICAL DIVERSITY AND AGRICULTURE
Ecological diversity, wild life and agriculture – GM crops and their impacts on the environment –
Insets and agriculture – Pollination crisis – Ecological farming principles – Forest fragmentation
and agriculture – Agricultural biotechnology concerns.

UNIT V  EMERGING ISSUES
Global environmental governance – alternate culture systems – Mega farms and vertical farms –
Virtual water trade and its impacts on local environment – Agricultural environment policies and its
impacts – Sustainable agriculture.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
OUTCOMES:
- Students will appreciate the role of environment in the current practice of agriculture and concerns of sustainability, especially in the context of climate change and emerging global issues.
- Ecological context of agriculture and its concerns will be understood.

TEXTBOOKS:

REFERENCES:

OPT551 FIBRE REINFORCED PLASTICS

OBJECTIVES:
To enable the students
  - To introduce the various materials for composite structure.
  - To equip with the knowledge of sandwich structure technology.
  - To provide knowledge in fracture mechanics of composites.
  - To impart knowledge in fatigue and damping capacity of composite materials.
  - To provide understanding of various manufacturing/fabricating techniques for composite structures.

UNIT 1
Introduction: Definition, Reason for composites, Classifications of composites, Thermosets - Epoxy; Unsaturated polyester resin; vinyl ester, polyimides etc.; preparation, properties, and uses.

UNIT II
Reinforcements: Types, Properties, chemistry and applications of fillers such as silica, titanium oxide, talc, mica etc., Manufacturing process, Properties, structure and uses of Glass fiber Carbon, Aramid, Boron, jute, sisal, cotton.

UNIT III
Fabrications of Thermoset composites – Hand lay up method, compression and transfer moulding, pressure and vacuum bag process, filament winding, protrusion, reinforced RIM, RRIM, Injection moulding, of thermosets, SMC and DMC, Advantages and disadvantages of each method.

UNIT IV
Testing of composites- destructive and non-destructive tests; Destructive- tensile, compression, flexural, impact strength, Hardness – Fatigue- toughness HDT, basic concepts of fracture mechanisms.
UNIT V

Applications of composites – aerospace, land transport, marine, structural, chemical plants and corrosion resistant products, mechanical engineering and energy applications, sports, electrical, electronic and communication applications, biomedical applications, repairs and maintenance etc.,

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to

- Select various materials for designing composite structures.
- Apply knowledge of fracture mechanics of composites during designing of composite structures.
- Analyze critically the damping capacity of composite materials.
- Correlate various manufacturing/fabricating techniques for composite structures based on design

REFERENCES:
2. Polymers and Polymer Composites in Construction by L.C. Holleway, 1990
7. Fiber glass Reinforce Plastics – Nicholas P. Cheremisinoff and Composites Paul N. Cheremmissinoff.,

OCE552 GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM

OBJECTIVES:
- To introduce the fundamentals and components of Geographic Information System
- To provide details of spatial data structures and input, management and output processes.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF GIS

UNIT II SPATIAL DATA MODELS

UNIT III DATA INPUT AND TOPOLOGY
UNIT IV DATA ANALYSIS
Vector Data Analysis tools - Data Analysis tools - Network Analysis - Digital Education models - 3D data collection and utilisation.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:
This course equips the student to
- Have basic idea about the fundamentals of GIS.
- Understand the types of data models.
- Get knowledge about data input and topology.
- Gain knowledge on data quality and standards.
- Understand data management functions and data output.

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCE:

OME553 INDUSTRIAL SAFETY ENGINEERING

OBJECTIVES:
- To provide in depth knowledge in Principles of Environmental safety and its applications in various fields.
- To provide the knowledge of air and water pollution and their control.
- To expose the students to the basics in hazardous waste management.

UNIT I SAFETY IN METAL WORKING AND WOOD WORKING MACHINES
General safety rules, principles, maintenance, Inspections of turning machines, boring machines, milling machine, planning machine and grinding machines, CNC machines, Wood working machinery, types, safety principles, electrical guards, work area, material handling, inspection, standards and codes- saws, types, hazards. Inspection of material handling equipments.

UNIT II SAFETY IN WELDING AND GAS CUTTING
Gas welding and oxygen cutting, resistances welding, arc welding and cutting, common hazards, personal protective equipment, training, safety precautions in brazing, soldering and metalizing – explosive welding, selection, care and maintenance of the associated equipment and instruments – safety in generation, distribution and handling of industrial gases-colour coding – flashback arrestor – leak detection-pipe line safety-storage and handling of gas cylinders.

UNIT III SAFETY IN COLD FORMING AND HOT WORKING OF METALS
Cold working, power presses, point of operation safe guarding, auxiliary mechanisms, feeding and cutting mechanism, hand or foot-operated presses, power press electric controls, power press set up and die removal, inspection and maintenance-metal sheers-press brakes - Hot working safety in forging, hot rolling mill operation, safe guards in hot rolling mills – hot bending of pipes, hazards and control measures - Safety in Gas Furnace Operation, Cupola, Crucibles, Ovens, Foundry Health Hazards, Work Environment, Material Handling in Foundries, Foundry Production Cleaning And Finishing Foundry Processes.
UNIT IV
SAFETY IN FINISHING, INSPECTION AND TESTING
Heat treatment operations, Electro Plating, Paint Shops, Sand And Shot Blasting, Safety In Inspection And Testing, Dynamic Balancing, Hydro Testing, Valves, Boiler Drums And Headers, Pressure Vessels, Air Leak Test, Steam Testing, Safety In Radiography, Personal Monitoring Devices, Radiation Hazards, Engineering And Administrative Controls, Indian Boilers Regulation.

UNIT V
INDUSTRIAL SAFETY
Advances in Industrial Ergonomics and safety, Work and protective clothing, Theory and practice of Industrial safety, Industrial Noise and Vibration, Machine Guarding and Industrial machine safety, Manual material handling, Modeling for safety and health.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
Students will be able to
1. Illustrate and familiarize the basic concepts and scope of engineering safety.
2. Understand the standards of professional conduct that are published by professional safety organizations and certification bodies.
3. Illustrate the importance of safety of employees while working with machineries.

REFERENCES:
7. Dr. Vincent Matthew Ciriello (Prediction of the maximum acceptable weight of lift from the frequency of lift, journal of industrial ergonomics,( 2014), pg .225–237

OAT552
INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES

OBJECTIVE:
• To impart the basic fundamental knowledge on IC engines and its working along with some of the recent trends in IC engine

UNIT I
INTRODUCTION IC ENGINE
Introduction, Types of IC engines, Constructional details IC engine, working, principles – 2 & 4 stroke engines, Cycles – Air standard cycles, Fuel air cycles and actual cycles, Actual Indicator diagram for four stroke and two stroke engines, General fuel properties, ignition properties – octane and cetane rating, Materials for engine components

UNIT II
PETROL ENGINES
Working and constructional details of petrol engines, Carburetor – constructional and working, types of carburetors, additional features in modern carburetor, A/F ratio calculation, Petrol Injection - introduction, Ignition – introduction and requirements, Battery and magneto coil ignition system, Electronic ignition system, Stages of combustion in petrol engines, Combustion chambers for petrol engine, formation of knock in petrol engine
UNIT III DIESEL ENGINES
Working and constructional details of diesel engines, fuel injection – requirements, types of injection systems – inline, distributor pumps, unit injector, Mechanical and pneumatic governors. Fuel injector, Types of injection nozzles, Spray characteristics. Injection timing, Split and multiple injection, Stages of combustion in Diesel engines, direct and indirect combustion chambers for diesel engine, knocking in diesel engine, Introduction on supercharging and turbocharging

UNIT IV COOLING AND LUBRICATION
Requirements, Types- Air cooling and liquid cooling systems, forced circulation cooling system, pressure and Evaporative cooling systems, properties of coolants for IC engine. Need of lubrication, Lubricants for IC engines - Properties of lubricants, Types of lubrication – Mist, Wet and dry sump lubrication systems.

UNIT V MODERN TECHNOLOGIES IN IC ENGINES
HCCI Engines – construction and working, CRDi injection system, GDI Technology, E - Turbocharger, Variable compression ratio engines, variable valve timing technology, Fuel cell, Hybrid Electric Technology

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES:

OML551 INTRODUCTION TO NANOTECHNOLOGY L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
Make the students to understand about the nanomaterials, synthesis and its characterization.

UNIT I BASICS AND SCALE OF NANOTECHNOLOGY

UNIT II DIFFERENT CLASSES OF NANOMATERIALS

UNIT III SYNTHESIS OF NANOMATERIALS
UNIT IV   FABRICATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF NANOSTRUCTURES  

UNIT V    APPLICATIONS  
Solar energy conversion and catalysis - Molecular electronics and printed electronics - Nanoelectronics -Polymers with a special architecture - Liquid crystalline systems - Linear and nonlinear optical and electro-optical properties, Applications in displays and other devices - Nanomaterials for data storage - Photonics, Plasmonics- Chemical and biosensors -Nanomedicine and Nanobiotechnology –Nanotoxicology challenges.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCES
Cyclotron produced Radionuclide - Reactor produced Radionuclide: fission and electron Capture reaction, Target and Its Processing Equation for Production of Radionuclide - Radionuclide Generator-Technetium generator.

UNIT IV INTERACTION OF RADIATION WITH MATTER

UNIT V RADIATION EFFECTS AND REGULATIONS

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
At the end of the course, the student should be able to:
- Analyze the low frequency and high frequency effects of non-ionizing radiation and physics of light.
- Define various clinical applications based on ultrasound wave.
- Explain the process of radioactive nuclide production using different techniques
- Analyze radiation mechanics involved with various physiological systems
- Outline the detrimental effects of radiation and regulations for radiation safety.

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES:

OML552 MICROSCOPY

OBJECTIVE:
This course will cover the basic principles and techniques of optical and electron microscopy. This course also deals with the sample preparation techniques for the microstructural analysis.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION
UNIT II  MICROSCOPY  9

UNIT III  ELECTRON MICROSCOPY  9

UNIT IV  SAMPLE PREPARATION FOR MICROSTRUCTURAL ANALYSIS  9

UNIT V  CHEMICAL ANALYSIS  9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
- Able to understand the physics behind the microscopy.
- Ability to describe the principle, construction and working of light microscopy.
- Ability to appreciate about electron microscopy.
- Ability to understand about the important of sample preparation technique.
- Ability to identify the appropriate spectroscopy technique for chemical analysis.

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCES:

OBJECTIVE:
- To gain an insight on local and global perceptions and approaches on participatory water resource management
UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS: SOCIOLOGY AND PARTICIPATORY APPROACH
Sociology – Basic concepts – Perspectives- Social Stratification – Irrigation as a Socio technical Process - Participatory concepts– Objectives of participatory approach

UNIT II UNDERSTANDING FARMERS PARTICIPATION

UNIT III ISSUES IN WATER MANAGEMENT

UNIT IV PARTICIPATORY WATER CONSERVATION

UNIT V PARTICIPATORY WATERSHED DEVELOPMENT
Concept and significance of watershed - Basic factors influencing watershed development — Principles of watershed management - Definition of watershed management – Identification of problems - Watershed approach in Government programmes — People’s participation – Entry point activities - Evaluation of watershed management measures.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
The students will be able to
- Gain knowledge on various processes involved in participatory water resource management.
- Understand farmers participation in water resources management.
- Aware of the issues related to water conservation and watershed development
- Get knowledge in participatory water conservation
- Understand concept, principle, approach of watershed management.

TEXTBOOKS:

REFERENCE:

OCH552 PRINCIPLES OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES
- To understand the overall view of the chemical engineering subjects

UNIT I
Chemistry, Chemical Engineering and Chemical Technology; Chemical process industries: History and their role in Society; Role of Chemical Engineer; History and Personalities of Chemical Engineering; Greatest achievements of Chemical Engineering.
UNIT II
Components of Chemical Engineering: Role of Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry and Biology; Thermodynamics, Transport Phenomena, Chemical Kinetics and Process dynamics, design and control.

UNIT III
Concept of Unit Processes and Unit Operations; Description of different Unit Processes and Unit Operations; Designing of equipments; Flowsheet representation of process plants, Evolution of an Industry – Sulphuric acid and Soda ash manufacture. Demonstration of simple chemical engineering experiments; Plant visit to a chemical industry

UNIT IV
Role of Computer in Chemical Engineering; Chemical Engineering Software; Visit to Process Simulation Lab; Relation between Chemical Engineering and other engineering disciplines; Traditional vs. modern Chemical Engineering; Versatility of Chemical Engineering: Role of Chemical Engineers in the area of Food, Medical, Energy, Environmental, Biochemical, Electronics etc. Plant visit to an allied industry.

UNIT V
Paradigm shifts in Chemical Engineering; Range of scales in Chemical Engineering; Opportunities for Chemical Engineers; Future of Chemical Engineering.

OUTCOMES
- On completion of the course, students will attain knowledge in fluid behavior and solid properties.
- Understand the concept of chemical engineering principles

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES:

OBT554 PRINCIPLES OF FOOD PRESERVATION L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
- The course aims to introduce the students to the area of Food Preservation. This is necessary for effective understanding of a detailed study of food processing and technology subjects.

UNIT I FOOD PRESERVATION AND ITS IMPORTANCE 9
Introduction to food preservation. Wastage of processed foods; Shelf life of food products; Types of food based on its perishability. Traditional methods of preservation

UNIT II  METHODS OF FOOD HANDLING AND STORAGE  9
Nature of harvested crop, plant and animal; storage of raw materials and products using low temperature, refrigerated gas storage of foods, gas packed refrigerated foods, sub atmospheric storage, Gas atmospheric storage of meat, grains, seeds and flour, roots and tubers; freezing of raw and processed foods. retort pouch packing, Aseptic packaging.

UNIT III  THERMAL METHODS  9
Newer methods of thermal processing; batch and continuous; In container sterilization- canning; application of infra-red microwaves; ohmic heating; control of water activity; preservation by concentration and dehydration; osmotic methods

UNIT IV  DRYING PROCESS FOR TYPICAL FOODS  9
Rate of drying for food products; design parameters of different type of dryers; properties of air-water mixtures. Psychrometric chart, freezing and cold storage. freeze concentration, dehydration, freeze drying, IQF; calculation of refrigeration load, design of freezers and cold storages.

UNIT V  NON-THERMAL METHODS  9
Super Critical Technology for Preservation - Chemical preservatives, preservation by ionizing radiations, ultrasonsics, high pressure, fermentation, curing, pickling, smoking, membrane technology. Hurdle technology

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
On completion of the course the students are expected to
• Be aware of the different methods applied to preserving foods.

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES:

UNIT III  PRODUCT ARCHITECTURE  9

UNIT IV  INDUSTRIAL DESIGN  9

UNIT V  DESIGN FOR MANUFACTURING AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT  9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:
- The student will be able to design some products for the given set of applications; also the knowledge gained through prototyping technology will help the student to make a prototype of a problem and hence product design and development can be achieved.

TEXT BOOK:

REFERENCES:

OA1553  PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY OF AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY  L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
- To understand the concept and basic mechanics of metal cutting, working of standard machine tools, such as lathe, shaping and allied machines, milling, drilling and allied machines, grinding and allied machines and broaching.
- To understand the basic concepts of Computer Numerical Control (CNC) machine tool and CNC programming.

UNIT I  ENGINEERING MATERIALS  9
Engineering materials - their classification - Mechanical properties of materials, strength, elasticity, plasticity, stiffness, malleability, ductility, brittleness, toughness, hardness, resilience,

UNIT II MACHINING
Basic principles of lathe - machine and operations performed on it. Basic description of machines and operations of Shaper-Planner, Drilling, Milling & Grinding.

UNIT III WELDING

UNIT IV ADVANCED MANUFACTURING PROCESS
Abrasive flow machining - abrasive jet machining - water jet machining - Electro Discharge Machining (EDM) - Wire cut EDM - Electro Chemical Machining (ECM) - Ultrasonic Machining / Drilling (USM / USD) - Electron Beam Machining (EBM) - Laser Beam Machining (LBM).

UNIT V CNC MACHINE

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:
- Upon completion of this course, the students can apply the different manufacturing process and use this in industry for component production.

TEXTBOOKS:

REFERENCES:

ORO551 RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES

OBJECTIVES:
- To get exposure on solar radiation and its environmental impact to power.
- To know about the various collectors used for storing solar energy.
- To know about the various applications in solar energy.
- To learn about the wind energy and biomass and its economic aspects.
- To know about geothermal energy with other energy sources.

UNIT I PRINCIPLES OF SOLAR RADIATION
Role and potential of new and renewable source, the solar energy option, Environmental impact of solar power, physics of the sun, the solar constant, extraterrestrial and terrestrial solar radiation,
solar radiation on titled surface, instruments for measuring solar radiation and sun shine, solar radiation data.

UNIT II  SOLAR ENERGY COLLECTION 8
Flat plate and concentrating collectors, classification of concentrating collectors, orientation and thermal analysis, advanced collectors.

UNIT III SOLAR ENERGY STORAGE AND APPLICATIONS 7
Different methods, Sensible, latent heat and stratified storage, solar ponds. Solar Applications-solar heating/cooling technique, solar distillation and drying, photovoltaic energy conversion.

UNIT IV WIND ENERGY 10

UNIT V GEOTHERMAL ENERGY: 9
Resources, types of wells, methods of harnessing the energy, potential in India. OCEAN ENERGY: OTEC, Principles utilization, setting of OTEC plants, thermodynamic cycles. Tidal and wave energy: Potential and conversion techniques, mini-hydel power plants, and their economics. DIRECT ENERGY CONVERSION: Need for DEC, Carnot cycle, limitations, principles of DEC.

OUTCOMES:
- Understanding the physics of solar radiation.
- Ability to classify the solar energy collectors and methodologies of storing solar energy.
- Knowledge in applying solar energy in a useful way.
- Knowledge in wind energy and biomass with its economic aspects.
- Knowledge in capturing and applying other forms of energy sources like wind, biogas and geothermal energies.

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES:

OAN551  SENSORS AND TRANSDUCERS  L T P C  3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
- To understand the concepts of measurement technology.
- To learn the various sensors used to measure various physical parameters.
- To learn the fundamentals of signal conditioning, data acquisition and communication systems used in mechatronics system development.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9
Basics of Measurement – Classification of errors – Error analysis – Static and dynamic characteristics of transducers – Performance measures of sensors – Classification of sensors –
Sensor calibration techniques – Sensor Output Signal Types.

UNIT II MOTION, PROXIMITY AND RANGING SENSORS 9

UNIT III FORCE, MAGNETIC AND HEADING SENSORS 9

UNIT IV OPTICAL, PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE SENSORS 9

UNIT V SIGNAL CONDITIONING and DAQ SYSTEMS 9

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
The students will be able to
CO1. Expertise in various calibration techniques and signal types for sensors.
CO2. Apply the various sensors in the Automotive and Mechatronics applications
CO3. Study the basic principles of various smart sensors.
CO4. Implement the DAQ systems with different sensors for real time applications

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES
UNIT III STATE ESTIMATION

Need for state estimation- design of state Observers- full and reduced order – disturbance estimation-separation principle

UNIT IV OPTIMAL CONTROL

Introduction - Time varying optimal control – LQR steady state optimal control – Solution of Ricatti’s equation – Application examples.

UNIT V OPTIMAL ESTIMATION

Optimal estimation – Kalman Bucy Filter-Solution by duality principle-Discrete systems-Kalman Filter- Application examples.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

• Ability to apply advanced control theory to practical engineering problems.

TEXT BOOKS :


REFERENCES:


OTL553 TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORK MANAGEMENT

OBJECTIVES:

• To understand the concept of network management standards.
• To design the common management information service element model.
• To understand the various concept of information modelling.
• To analyze the concept of SNMPv1 and SNMPv2 protocol.
• To analyze the concept of examples of network management.

UNIT I FOUNDATIONS


UNIT II COMMON MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SERVICE ELEMENT


UNIT III INFORMATION MODELING FOR TMN
Rationale for information modeling—management information model—object oriented modeling paradigm—structure of management information—managed object class definition—management information base.

UNIT IV  SIMPLE NETWORK MANAGEMENT PROTOCOL  9
SNMPv1: managed networks—SNMP models—organization model—information model—SNMPv2 communication model—functional model—major changes in SNMPv2—structure of management information, MIB—SNMPv2 protocol—compatibility with SNMPv1—SNMPv3—architecture—applications—MIB security, remote monitoring—SMI and MIB—RMQN1 and RMON2.

UNIT V  NETWORK MANAGEMENT EXAMPLES  9

OUTCOMES:
At the end of the course, students would be able to
- Design and analyze of fault management.
- Analyze the common management information protocol specifications.
- Design and analyze of management information model.
- Design the simple network management protocol.
- Design the various types of network management tools.

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES:

OA751  AGRICULTURAL FINANCE, BANKING AND CO-OPERATION  L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
- To make the students aware about the agricultural Finance, Banking and Cooperation.
- To acquaint the students with the basic concepts, principles and functions of management.
- To understand the process of finance banking and cooperation.

UNIT I  AGRICULTURAL FINANCE - NATURE AND SCOPE  9
Agricultural Finance: Definition, Importance, Nature and Scope - Agricultural Credit: Meaning, Definition, Need and Classification - Sources of credit - Role of institutional and non-Institutional agencies: Advantages and Disadvantages - Rural indebtedness: consequences of rural indebtedness - History and Development of rural credit in India.

UNIT II  FARM FINANCIAL ANALYSIS  9
Principles of Credit - 5C’s, 5R’s and 7P’s of Credit - Project Cycle and Management - Preparation of bankable projects / Farm credit proposals - Feasibility - Time value of money: Compounding and Discounting - Appraisal of farm credit proposals - Undiscounted and discounted

UNIT III FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS
Institutional Lending Agencies - Commercial banks: Nationalization, Agricultural Development Branches - Area Approach - Priority Sector Lending - Regional Rural Banks, Lead bank, Scale of finance - Higher financial institutions: RBI, NABARD, AFC, ADB, World Bank and Deposit Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation of India - Microfinance and its role in poverty alleviation - Self-Help Groups - Non-Governmental Organizations - Rural credit policies followed by State and Central Government - Subsidized farm credit, Differential Interest Rate (DIR), Kisan Credit Card (KCC) Scheme - Relief Measures and Loan Waiver Scheme and Know Your Customer (KYC).

UNIT IV CO-OPERATION
Co-operation: Philosophy and Principles - History of Indian Cooperative Credit Movement: Pre and Post-Independence periods and Cooperation in different plan periods - Cooperative credit institutions: Two tier and three tier structure, Functions: provision of short term and long term credit, Strength and weakness of cooperative credit system, Policies for revitalizing cooperative credit: Salient features of Vaithiyananthan Committee Report on revival of rural cooperative credit institutions, Reorganisation of Cooperative credit structure in Andhra Pradesh and single window system and successful cooperative credit systems in Gujarat, Maharashtra, Punjab etc, - Special cooperatives: LAMPS and FSS: Objectives, role and functions - National Cooperative Development Corporation (NCDC) and National Federation of State Cooperative Banks Ltd., (NAFSCOB) - Objectives and Functions.

UNIT V BANKING AND INSURANCE

OUTCOME:
After completion of this course, the students will
- Be familiar with agricultural finance, Banking, cooperation and basic concepts, principles and functions of management.

REFERENCES:

OEE751 BASIC CIRCUIT THEORY L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
- To introduce electric circuits and its analysis
- To impart knowledge on solving circuit equations using network theorems
- To introduce the phenomenon of resonance in coupled circuits.
- To introduce Phasor diagrams and analysis of three phase circuits
UNIT I            BASIC CIRCUITS ANALYSIS

UNIT II           NETWORK REDUCTION AND THEOREMS FOR DC CIRCUITS

UNIT III          AC CIRCUITS
Introduction to AC circuits, inductance reactance, capacitive reactance, Phasor diagrams, real power, reactive power, apparent power, power factor, R-L R-C , RLC networks, Network reduction: voltage and current division, source transformation –mesh and node analysis, Thevenins and Norton Theorems – Superposition Theorem – Maximum power transfer theorem – Reciprocity Theorem – Millman's theorem.

UNIT IV          THREE PHASE CIRCUITS
A.C. circuits – Average and RMS value - Phasor Diagram – Power, Power Factor and Energy.- Analysis of three phase 3-wire and 4-wire circuits with star and delta connected loads, balanced & un balanced – phasor diagram of voltages and currents – power measurement in three phase circuits.

UNIT V           RESONANCE AND COUPLED CIRCUITS

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
- Ability to introduce electric circuits and its analysis
- Ability to impart knowledge on solving circuit equations using network theorems
- Ability to introduce the phenomenon of resonance in coupled circuits.
- Ability to introduce Phasor diagrams and analysis of three phase circuits

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES
OBJECTIVES:
- To understand the basics of weather and climate
- To have an insight on Atmospheric dynamics and transport of heat
- To develop simple climate models and evaluate climate changes using models

UNIT I  BASICS OF WEATHER AND CLIMATE:  

UNIT II  ATMOSPHERIC DYNAMICS:  

UNIT III  GLOBAL CLIMATE  

UNIT IV  CLIMATE SYSTEM PROCESSES  

UNIT V  CLIMATE CHANGE MODELS  

OUTCOMES:
At the end of the course the student will be able to understand
- The concepts of weather and climate
- The principles of Atmospheric dynamics and transport of heat and air mass
- The develop simple climate models and to predict climate change

TEXT BOOKS:
OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the various algorithm design and analysis techniques
- To learn linear data structures – lists, stacks, and queues
- To learn different sorting and searching algorithms
- To understand Tree and Graph data structures

UNIT I  ALGORITHM ANALYSIS, LIST ADT


UNIT II  STACKS AND QUEUES


UNIT III  SEARCHING AND SORTING ALGORITHMS


UNIT IV  TREES


UNIT V  GRAPHS

Definition – Representation of Graph – Breadth-first traversal - Depth-first traversal – Dynamic programming Technique – Warshall’s and Floyd’s algorithm – Greedy method - Dijkstra’s algorithm – applications of graphs. Implementation of graph, graph traversal methods, finding shortest path using Dijkstra’s algorithm in C

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students should be able to:

- Implement linear data structures and solve problems using them.
- Implement and apply trees and graphs to solve problems.
- Implement the various searching and sorting algorithms.

TEXT BOOKS:


REFERENCES:

OBJECTIVE:
- Understanding the various materials and its properties contribution towards electrical and electronics field. This course covers the properties of materials behind the electronic applications.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

UNIT II CONDUCTING MATERIALS
Introduction, factors affecting the conductivity of materials, classification based on conductivity of materials, temperature dependence of resistivity, Low resistivity materials (graphite, Al, Cu and steel) and its applications, high resistivity materials (manganin, constantin, nichrome, tungsten) and their applications. Superconductors: Meissner effect, classification and applications.

UNIT III SEMICONDUCTING AND MAGNETIC MATERIALS

UNIT IV DIELECTRIC AND INSULATING MATERIALS

UNIT V OPTOELECTRONIC AND NANO ELECTRONIC MATERIALS

OUTCOME:
- With the basis, students will be able to have clear concepts on electronic behaviors of materials

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES:
2. Eugene A. Irene, Electronic Materials Science, Wiley, 2005
OBJECTIVE:
- To impart the knowledge and skills to identify, assess and mitigate the environmental and social impacts of developmental projects

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT
Screening and Scoping in EIA – Drafting of Terms of Reference, Baseline monitoring, Prediction and Assessment of Impact on land, water, air, noise, flora and fauna - Matrices – Networks – Checklist Methods - Mathematical models for Impact prediction.

UNIT III ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

UNIT IV SOCIO ECONOMIC ASSESSMENT
Baseline monitoring of Socio economic environment – Identification of Project Affected Personal – Rehabilitation and Resettlement Plan- Economic valuation of Environmental impacts – Cost benefit Analysis-

UNIT V CASE STUDIES

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
The students completing the course will have ability to
- carry out scoping and screening of developmental projects for environmental and social assessments
- explain different methodologies for environmental impact prediction and assessment
- plan environmental impact assessments and environmental management plans
- evaluate environmental impact assessment reports

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES:
OBJECTIVES:
- To provide an insight to the basics of planetary Remote Sensing
- To demonstrate how the Remote Sensing technique is applied to explore the surface characteristics of the planets and its environ.

UNIT I PLANETARY SCIENCE

UNIT II SATELLITE ORBIT

UNIT III PROPERTIES OF EMR

UNIT IV RADIOMETRY AND SCATTEROMETRY

UNIT V PLANETARY APPLICATION
Planetary Imaging Spectroscopy- USGS Tetracoder and Expert system - Mars Global Surveyor Mission (MGS) – Digital Elevation Model(DEM) of Mars – Mars Orbiter Camera (MOC) – Stereo and photoclinometric techniques for DEM.

OUTCOMES:
On completion of the course, the students have
- Exposure to fundamentals of planetary science or orbital mechanics
- The principles of observing the planets
- Knowledge of Remote Sensing methods for determining surface elevation and mapping of planets.

REFERENCES:
UNIT I ENVIROMENTAL IMPLICATIONS OF BUILDINGS 9

UNIT II IMPLICATIONS OF BUILDING TECHNOLOGIES EMBODIED ENERGY OF BUILDINGS 9

UNIT III COMFORTS IN BUILDING 9

UNIT IV UTILITY OF SOLAR ENERGY IN BUILDINGS 9

UNIT V GREEN COMPOSITES FOR BUILDINGS 9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES:
3. Fundamentals of Integrated Design for Sustainable Building By Marian Keeler, Bill Burke

OBJECTIVES:
- To understand the fundamentals of hospital administration and management.
- To know the market related research process
- To explore various information management systems and relative supportive services.
- To learn the quality and safety aspects in hospital.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF HOSPITAL ADMINISTRATION 9
Distinction between Hospital and Industry, Challenges in Hospital Administration – Hospital Planning- Equipment Planning – Functional Planning
UNIT II  HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT IN HOSPITAL  9
Principles of HRM – Functions of HRM – Profile of HRD Manager – Human Resource Inventory
– Manpower Planning.

UNIT III  RECRUITMENT AND TRAINING  9
Different Departments of Hospital, Recruitment, Selection, Training Guidelines – Methods of

UNIT IV  SUPPORTIVE SERVICES  9
Medical Records Department – Central Sterilization and Supply Department – Pharmacy –
Food Services - Laundry Services.

UNIT V  COMMUNICATION AND SAFETY ASPECTS IN HOSPITAL  9
Purposes – Planning of Communication, Modes of Communication – Telephone, ISDN, Public
Safety Rules.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Explain the principles of Hospital administration.
- Identify the importance of Human resource management.
- List various marketing research techniques.
- Identify Information management systems and its uses.
- Understand safety procedures followed in hospitals

TEXT BOOKS:
1. R.C.Goyal, “Hospital Administration and Human Resource Management”, PHI – Fourth

REFERENCES:
   Aspen Publication Inc. Rockville, Maryland, USA, 1990.
3. Peter Berman “Health Sector Reform in Developing Countries” - Harvard University Press,
   1995.
4. William A. Reinke “Health Planning For Effective Management” - Oxford University
   Press.1988
5. Blane, David, Brunner, “Health and SOCIAL Organization: Towards a Health Policy for the
   Cengage Learning, 2011.
OBJECTIVE:
- To introduce the students to the interdisciplinary analysis of water and conceptual design of intervention strategies.
- To develop a knowledge-base on capacity building on IWRM.

UNIT I  IWRM FRAMEWORK
Definition – Objectives – Principles – Evolution of IWRM - IWRM relevance in water resources management – Paradigm shift : Processes and prospective outcomes

UNIT II  CONTEXTUALIZING IWRM
UN formulations - SDG goals - IWRM in Global, Regional and Local water partnership – Institutional transformation - Bureaucratic reforms - Inclusive development

UNIT III  EMERGING ISSUES IN WATER MANAGEMENT
Emerging Issues — Drinking water management in the context of climate change - IWRM and irrigation - Flood – Drought – Pollution – Linkages between water, health and poverty

UNIT IV  IWRM AND WATER RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT IN INDIA
Rural Development - Ecological sustainability - Watershed development and conservation - Ecosystem regeneration – Wastewater reuse - Sustainable livelihood - Food security

UNIT V  ASPECTS OF INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT
Capacity building - Conceptual framework of IWRM – Problems and policy issues - Solutions for effective integrated water management - Case studies

OUTCOMES:
The students will be able to
- Understand objectives, principles and evolution of integrated water resources management.
- Have an idea of contextualizing IWRM
- Gain knowledge in emerging issues in water management, flood, drought, pollution and poverty.
- Understand the water resources development in India and wastewater reuse.
- Gain knowledge on integrated development of water management.

TEXTBOOKS:

REFERENCES:
OBJECTIVES:
- To introduce the Building Blocks of Embedded System
- To Educate in Various Embedded Development Strategies
- To Introduce Bus Communication in processors, Input/output interfacing.
- To impart knowledge in Various processor scheduling algorithms.
- To introduce Basics of Real time operating system and example tutorials to discuss on one real-time operating system tool

UNIT I  INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED SYSTEMS  9

UNIT II  EMBEDDED NETWORKING  9

UNIT III  EMBEDDED FIRMWARE DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT  9
Embedded Product Development Life Cycle- objectives, different phases of EDLC, Modelling of EDLC; issues in Hardware-software Co-design, Data Flow Graph, state machine model, Sequential Program Model, concurrent Model, object oriented Model.

UNIT IV  RTOS BASED EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN  9
Introduction to basic concepts of RTOS- Task, process & threads, interrupt routines in RTOS, Multiprocessing and Multitasking, Preemptive and non-preemptive scheduling, Task communication-shared memory, message passing-, Inter process Communication – synchronization between processes-semaphores, Mailbox, pipes, priority inversion, priority inheritance, comparison of Real time Operating systems: Vx Works, uC/OS-II, RT Linux.

UNIT V  EMBEDDED SYSTEM APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT  9
Case Study of Washing Machine- Automotive Application- Smart card System Application,

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
- Ability to understand and analyse, linear and digital electronic circuits.

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES:
OBJECTIVE:
- To gain insights about the importance of lean manufacturing and six sigma practices.

UNIT I LEAN & SIX SIGMA BACKGROUND AND FUNDAMENTALS
Historical Overview – Definition of quality – What is six sigma - TQM and Six sigma - lean manufacturing and six sigma - six sigma and process tolerance – Six sigma and cultural changes – six sigma capability – six sigma need assessments - implications of quality levels, Cost of Poor Quality (COPQ), Cost of Doing Nothing – assessment Nothing

UNIT II THE SCOPE OF TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES

UNIT III SIX SIGMA METHODOLOGIES
Design For Six Sigma (DFSS), Design For Six Sigma Method - Failure Mode Effect Analysis (FMEA), FMEA process - Risk Priority Number (RPN) - Six Sigma and Leadership, committed leadership – Change Acceleration Process (CAP) - Developing communication plan – Stakeholder

UNIT IV SIX SIGMA IMPLEMENTATION AND CHALLENGES
Tools for implementation – Supplier Input Process Output Customer (SIPOC) – Quality Function Deployment or House of Quality (QFD) – alternative approach – implementation – leadership training, close communication system, project selection – project management and team – champion training – customer quality index – challenges – program failure, CPQ vs six sigma, structure the deployment of six sigma – cultural challenge – customer/ internal metrics

UNIT V EVALUATION AND CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT METHODS
Evaluation strategy – the economics of six sigma quality, Return on six Sigma (ROSS), ROI, poor project estimates – continuous improvement – lean manufacturing – value, customer focus, Perfection, focus on waste, overproduction – waiting, inventory in process (IIP), processing waste, transportation, motion, making defective products, underutilizing people – Kaizen – 5S

OUTCOME:
- The student would be able to relate the tools and techniques of lean sigma to increase productivity

REFERENCES:
3. Fred Soleimannejed , Six Sigma, Basic Steps and Implementation, AuthorHouse, 2004
OBJECTIVES
• To give basic knowledge about automation
• To understand the basic hydraulics and pneumatics systems for automation
• To understand the assembly automation

UNIT I AUTOMATION OF ASSEMBLY LINES
Concept of automation - mechanization and automation - Concept of automation in industry - mechanization and automation - classification, balancing of assembly line using available algorithms - Transfer line-monitoring system (TLMS) using Line Status - Line efficiency - Buffer stock Simulation in assembly line

UNIT II AUTOMATION USING HYDRAULIC SYSTEMS
Design aspects of various elements of hydraulic systems such as pumps, valves, filters, reservoirs, accumulators, actuators, intensifiers etc. - Selection of hydraulic fluid, practical case studied on hydraulic circuit design and performance analysis - Servo valves, electro hydraulic valves, proportional valves and their applications.

UNIT III AUTOMATION USING PNEUMATIC SYSTEMS

UNIT IV AUTOMATION USING ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS
Introduction - various sensors – transducers - signal processing - servo systems - programming of microprocessors using 8085 instruction - programmable logic controllers

UNIT V ASSEMBLY AUTOMATION
Types and configurations - Parts delivery at workstations - Various vibratory and non vibratory devices for feeding - hopper feeders, rotary disc feeder, centrifugal and orientation - Product design for automated assembly.

OUTCOMES:
• Upon completion of this course, the students can able to do low cost automation systems
• Students can do some assembly automation

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES
OBJECTIVE:
To develop the basic knowledge about the MEMS system and to know about the concepts and principles of MEMS & NEMS with various applications.

UNIT I  INTRODUCTION

UNIT II  MICRO FABRICATION AND MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUES

UNIT III  MECHANICS FOR MICRO SYSTEM DESIGN AND APPLICATIONS
Basic concepts – Bending of thin plates – Mechanical vibration – Thermo mechanics - Fracture mechanics – Fluid mechanics at micro systems- Design considerations - Process design-mask layout design – Mechanical design-Applications of micro system in automotive industry, bio medical, aerospace and telecommunications.

UNIT IV  NANO ELECTRONICS

UNIT V  ARCHITECTURE AND APPLICATIONS

OUTCOMES:
CO1: Understand the Fundamentals and working principles of microsystems and microelectronics
CO2: Knowledge on both micro fabrication and manufacturing techniques
CO3: Acquiring knowledge about micro system design and its various applications
CO4: Study about the basic concepts of Nano electronics with various devices and also discusses with its applications
CO5: Realizing the various application of NEMS and Architecture of MEMS

TEXT BOOKS:
REFERENCES

ORO751 NANO COMPUTING

OBJECTIVES:
The student should be made to:
• Learn nano computing challenges
• Be familiar with the imperfections
• Be exposed to reliability evaluation strategies
• Learn nano scale quantum computing
• Understand Molecular Computing and Optimal Computing

UNIT I NANO COMPUTING-PROSPECTS AND CHALLENGES

UNIT II NANO COMPUTING WITH IMPERFECTIONS

UNIT III RELIABILITY OF NANO COMPUTING

UNIT IV NANOSCALE QUANTUM COMPUTING

UNIT V QCA DESIGNER SOFTWARE AND QCA IMPLEMENTATION

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to:
• Discuss nano computing challenges.
• Handle the imperfections.
• Apply reliability evaluation strategies.
• Use nano scale quantum computing.
• Utilize Molecular Computing and Optimal Computing.
OEC755 PHOTONIC NETWORKS

OBJECTIVES:

- To enable the student to understand the importance of the backbone infrastructure for our present and future communication needs and familiarize them with the architectures and the protocol stack in use.
- To enable the student to understand the differences in the design of data plane and the control plane and the routing, switching and the resource allocation methods and the network management and protection methods in vogue.
- To expose the student to the advances in networking and switching domains and the future trends.

UNIT I OPTICAL SYSTEM COMPONENTS

Light Propagation in optical fibers – Loss & bandwidth; System limitations, Non Linear effects; Solitons; Optical Network Components – Couplers, Isolators & Circulators, Multiplexers & Filters, Optical Amplifiers, Switches, Wavelength Converters.

UNIT II OPTICAL NETWORK ARCHITECTURES

Introduction to Optical Networks; SONET / SDH, Metropolitan Area Networks, Layered Architecture; Broadcast and Select Networks – Topologies for Broadcast Networks, Media-Access Control Protocols, Wavelength Routing Architecture.

UNIT III WAVELENGTH ROUTING NETWORKS

The optical layer, Optical Network Nodes, Routing and wavelength assignment, Traffic Grooming in Optical Networks, Architectural variations- Linear Light wave networks, Logically Routed Networks.

UNIT IV PACKET SWITCHING AND ACCESS NETWORKS


UNIT V NETWORK DESIGN AND MANAGEMENT


TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
OUTCOMES:
At the end of the course, the student would be able to:
- Use the backbone infrastructure for our present and future communication needs
- Analyze the architectures and the protocol stack
- Compare the differences in the design of data plane, control plane, routing, switching, resource allocation methods, network management and protection methods in vogue

REFERENCES:

OCH751 PROCESS MODELING AND SIMULATION

OBJECTIVE:
- To give an overview of various methods of process modeling, different computational techniques for simulation.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION
Introduction to modeling and simulation, classification of mathematical models, conservation equations and auxiliary relations.

UNIT II STEADY STATE LUMPED SYSTEMS
Degree of freedom analysis, single and network of process units, systems yielding linear and non-linear algebraic equations, flow sheeting – sequential modular and equation oriented approach, tearing, partitioning and precedence ordering, solution of linear and non-linear algebraic equations.

UNIT III UNSTEADY STATE LUMPED SYSTEMS
Analysis of liquid level tank, gravity flow tank, jacketed stirred tank heater, reactors, flash and distillation column, solution of ODE initial value problems, matrix differential equations, simulation of closed loop systems.

UNIT IV STEADY STATE DISTRIBUTED SYSTEM
Analysis of compressible flow, heat exchanger, packed columns, plug flow reactor, solution of ODE boundary value problems.

UNIT V UNSTEADY STATE DISTRIBUTED SYSTEM & OTHER MODELLING APPROACHES

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:
- Upon completing the course, the student should have understood the development of process models based on conservation principles and process data and computational techniques to solve the process models.

TEXT BOOKS:
REFERENCES:

OAT751 PRODUCTION OF AUTOMOTIVE COMPONENTS

OBJECTIVES:
- To study in detail about the modern casting, forging, molding and machining processes followed in automotive components.
- To enhance the knowledge of the students in the field of non–ferrous materials, emerging metallic and non-metallic materials like polymers, fiber reinforced plastics (FRP), engineering ceramics, metal matrix composites (MMCs) and its manufacturing methods, selection criteria, properties and applications for automotive components.

UNIT I ENGINE COMPONENTS

UNIT II TRANSMISSION COMPONENTS

UNIT III BODY COMPONENTS

UNIT IV CHASSIS COMPONENTS
UNIT V  TYRES AND ADVANCED MATERIALS MANUFACTURING

Tire and tube manufacturing, spray painting, powder coating, Prototype Manufacturing - RPT, 3-D Printing, chemical vapour deposition, physical vapour deposition, cryogenic grinding of powders, seals, sound proof materials, structural adhesives, MMC liners – Selection of materials for Auto components.

OUTCOMES:
At the end of this course the student should
- Will be able to select an appropriate manufacturing process for particular Automotive Components.
- Have in-depth knowledge of various engineering materials used in automobile engineering and the corresponding manufacturing processes for the same.

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES:

UNIT IV ROBOT KINEMATICS AND ROBOT PROGRAMMING 13
Forward Kinematics, Inverse Kinematics and Difference; Forward Kinematics and Reverse Kinematics of manipulators with Two, Three Degrees of Freedom (in 2 Dimension), Four Degrees of freedom (in 3 Dimension) Jacobians, Velocity and Forces-Manipulator Dynamics, Trajectory Generator, Manipulator Mechanism Design-Derivations and problems. Lead through Programming, Robot programming Languages-VAL Programming-Motion Commands, Sensor Commands, End Effector commands and simple Programs.

UNIT V IMPLEMENTATION AND ROBOT ECONOMICS 5
RGV, AGV; Implementation of Robots in Industries-Various Steps; Safety Considerations for Robot Operations - Economic Analysis of Robots.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:
- Upon completion of this course, the students can able to apply the basic engineering knowledge for the design of robotics

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES:

OML753 SELECTION OF MATERIALS 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
The subject exposes students to the basics parameter for selection of materials and different classes of materials, manufacturing processes and their properties , applications of materials.

UNIT I ENGINEERING MATERIALS 9

UNIT II MATERIAL PROPERTIES 9
UNIT III MANUFACTURING PROCESSING AND ECONOMIC ANALYSIS 9

UNIT IV MATERIALS SELECTION CHARTS AND TESTING 9

UNIT V APPLICATIONS AND USES 9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
- Understand different types of availability materials
- Easy and effective way to select required materials
- Ability to identify the material properties

TEXT BOOKS:

REFERENCES:

OME753 SYSTEMS ENGINEERING L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
- To introduce system engineering concepts to design the manufacturing system for optimum utilization of source for effective functioning.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9
Definitions of Systems Engineering, Systems Engineering Knowledge, Life cycles, Life-cycle phases, logical steps of systems engineering, Frame works for systems engineering.

UNIT II SYSTEMS ENGINEERING PROCESSES 9
Formulation of issues with a case study, Value system design, Functional analysis, Business Process Reengineering, Quality function deployment, System synthesis, Approaches for generation of alternatives.

UNIT III ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES- I 9
Cross-impact analysis, Structural modeling tools, System Dynamics models with case studies, Economic models: present value analysis – NPV, Benefits and costs over time, ROI, IRR; Work and Cost breakdown structure,
UNIT IV ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES–II
Reliability, Availability, Maintainability, and Supportability models; Stochastic networks and Markov models, Queuing network optimization, Time series and Regression models, Evaluation of large scale models

UNIT V DECISION ASSESSMENT
Decision assessment types, Five types of decision assessment efforts, Utility theory, Group decision making and Voting approaches, Social welfare function; Systems Engineering methods for Systems Engineering Management,

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
- The Student must be able to apply systems engineering principles to make decision for optimization.
- Hence an understanding of the systems engineering discipline and be able to use the core principles and processes for designing effective system.

TEXT BOOK:

OML751 TESTING OF MATERIALS L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
To understand the various destructive and non destructive testing methods of materials and its industrial applications.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MATERIALS TESTING
Overview of materials, Classification of material testing, Purpose of testing, Selection of material, Development of testing, Testing organizations and its committee, Testing standards, Result Analysis, Advantages of testing.

UNIT II MECHANICAL TESTING
Introduction to mechanical testing, Hardness test (Vickers, Brinell, Rockwell), Tensile test, Impact test (Izod, Charpy) - Principles, Techniques, Methods, Advantages and Limitations, Applications. Bend test, Shear test, Creep and Fatigue test - Principles, Techniques, Methods, Advantages and Limitations, Applications.

UNIT III NON DESTRUCTIVE TESTING

UNIT IV MATERIAL CHARACTERIZATION TESTING
Macroscopic and Microscopic observations, Optical and Electron microscopy (SEM and TEM) - Principles, Types, Advantages and Limitations, Applications. Diffraction techniques, Spectroscopic Techniques, Electrical and Magnetic Techniques- Principles, Types, Advantages and Limitations, Applications.
UNIT V OTHER TESTING
Thermal Testing: Differential scanning calorimetry, Differential thermal analysis. Thermo-
mechanical and Dynamic mechanical analysis: Principles, Advantages, Applications. Chemical
Testing: X-Ray Fluorescence, Elemental Analysis by Inductively Coupled Plasma-Optical Emission
Spectroscopy and Plasma-Mass Spectrometry.
TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
1. Identify suitable testing technique to inspect industrial component
2. Ability to use the different technique and know its applications and limitations

TEXT BOOKS:
2007.

REFERENCES:
2. ASM Metals Handbook, “Non-Destructive Evaluation and Quality Control”, American Society of
Metals, Metals Park, Ohio, USA.

OAT752 VEHICLE STYLING AND DESIGN
UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO VEHICLE DESIGN:
Timeline developments in design - Mass production – Streamlining for style and low drag -
Commercial vehicles - Engine developments - Transmission system development – Steering –
Suspension – Brakes - Interior refinement - Safety design.

UNIT II VEHICLE BODY DESIGN:
The styling process - Working environment and structure - Product planning - Concept sketching and
package related sketching - Full sized tape drawing - Clay modelling.
Aerodynamics - Aerodynamic forces – Drag & Drag reduction - Stability during cross-winds – Wind
Noise - Under-hood ventilation - Cabin ventilation - Introduction to Computational fluid dynamics -
Wind tunnel testing of scale models.

UNIT III NOISE AND VIBRATION:
Vibration – fundamentals & control – Acoustics – fundamentals - Human response to sound -
Sound measurement - Automotive noise criteria - Drive-by noise tests, Noise from stationary
vehicles, Interior noise in vehicles, Automotive noise sources and control techniques - Engine
noise, Transmission noise, Intake & exhaust noise, Aerodynamic noise, Tyre noise, Brake noise

UNIT IV CRASHWORTHINESS AND ERGONOMIC APPROACH:
Accident and injury analysis - Vehicle impacts: general dynamics & crush characteristics -
Structural collapse and its influence upon safety - Occupant accommodation – Ergonomics in the
automotive industry - Ergonomics methods and tools - Case studies of Fiat Punto - Strategies for
improving occupant accommodation and comfort.
UNIT V  VEHICLE CONTROL SYSTEMS

Automotive application of sensors - Chassis control systems - Anti-lock braking systems, Traction control systems, Electronically controlled power-assisted steering - Vehicle safety and security systems - Air-bag and seat belt pre-tensioner systems, Remote keyless entry and vehicle immobilization, Introduction to On-board navigation systems.

TEXT BOOK:

REFERENCES:

OTT751  WEAVING MECHANISMS

OBJECTIVE:
- To enable the students to understand the preparation for weaving and various functions of weaving machine.

UNIT I  INTRODUCTION
Types of winding drums - Design of winder drums; various motions for automatic weaving—primary, secondary and auxiliary motions; Driving plain power loom; timing of motions.

UNIT II  SHEDDING
Principles of tappet, dobby and jacquard shedding mechanisms, positive and negative shedding mechanisms, electronic dobby and jacquard mechanism, tappet design.

UNIT III  PICKING-I
Mechanism of picking in shuttle looms, components of picking system, design of shuttle, multi shuttle mechanism.

UNIT IV  PICKING-II
Principles of weft insertions in shuttle less looms; weft feeder, mechanism of weft insertion by projectile, gripper cycle; rapier loom-classification,rapier drive mechanisms, devices timings; Water jet weft insertion; Air jet weft insertion.

UNIT V  OTHER MECHANISMS
Shuttle and shuttleless terry mechanisms; Let-off and take-up mechanism; selvedge mechanism in shuttless loom, warp weft, stop motions, warp protector mechanism

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
On completion of this course, the students shall,
- Understand the concepts of preparation of weaving process
- Understand different motions of loom in fabric formation.

TEXT BOOKS:
REFERENCES:

OMV751 MARINE VEHICLES

OBJECTIVES:
- To provide the students a basic knowledge about various types of marine vehicles
- To provide the students basic theory behind the design and development of marine vehicles

UNIT I MARINE VEHICLES
Types – general – by function – commercial marine vehicles: passenger ship, cargo ships, oil and chemical tankers, cattle carriers, harbor crafts, off shore platform, container ships

UNIT II REEFERS AND GAS CARRIERS
Introduction – Types, design considerations, safety – operation and controls, precaution during bunkering

UNIT III REMOTELY OPERABLE VEHICLE (ROV), UMS SHIPS

UNIT IV SUBMERSIBLES AND AUTONOMOUS UNDERWATER VEHICLE (AUV)

UNIT V MANNED AND UN MANNED SUBMERSIBLE

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
- Students will be able understand the types of marine vehicles
- Students should get a preliminary knowledge in marine vehicle design, construction and its components
TEXT BOOKS:
1. Jonathan M. Ross, human factors for naval marine vehicle design and operation
2. Sabiha A. Wadoo, Pushkin Kachroo, Autonomous underwater vehicles, modelling, control
design and Simulation, CRC press, 2011
3. R. Frank Busby, Manned Submersibles, Office of the oceanographer of the Navy, 1976

REFERENCES
Elsevier, 1997